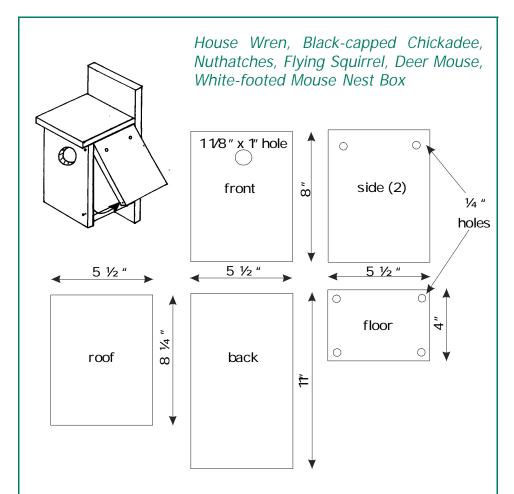


HOMES FOR WILDLIFE II PLANS

t is essential to provide wildlife with the habitat components of cover, food, space, and water. Providing homes will help provide cover and will aid in attracting a variety of wildlife to your backyard. This chapter furnishes plans for the previous Homes for Wildlife chapter. Most of the plans here are for birds, but there are also structures for squirrels and rabbits. The plans for the bluebird house and bat house can be found in their respective chapters in the **Species** Management section. All birdhouses are made from 31/44" wood; do not use metal. Also, to prevent rain from seeping into the cracks enclose the floor with the sides instead of nailing the sides to the top of the floor. Attach birdhouses to a support post, building, or tree. All nest boxes should be predatorproofed to prevent threats from climbing predators such as housecats, raccoons, and squirrels. In most cases this can be done by placing a metal cone or a sheet of tin on poles or around trees underneath the nest box.



Flying Sqirrel



Two "pivot" nails, one top front and one top back, allow side to swing out for cleaning. Use one nail or screw at bottom to hold side closed. Nut hat ches and flying squirrels require an entrance hole that is 11/4" in diameter. Also, remember that a hole larger than 11/8 " in diameter will admit house sparrows.

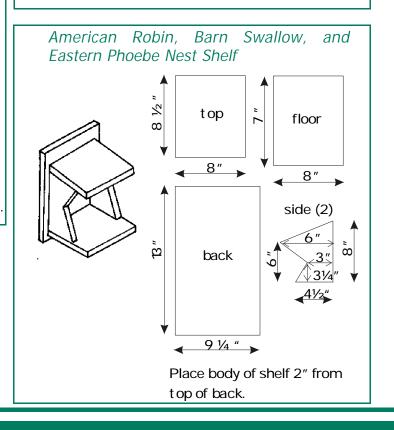
Northern Flicker 1/4 " holes floor 7 1/4 " 2 ½ " diamet er hole side front 7 1/4 " _ 7 1/4 " 3⁄4 roof 9 back 32"

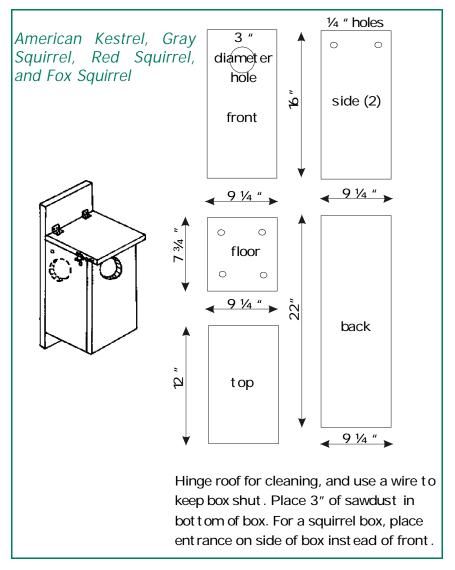
Hinge roof for cleaning, and use a wire to keep the box shut. Place body of box 5" from the top of the back. Fill the box to the top with sawdust.

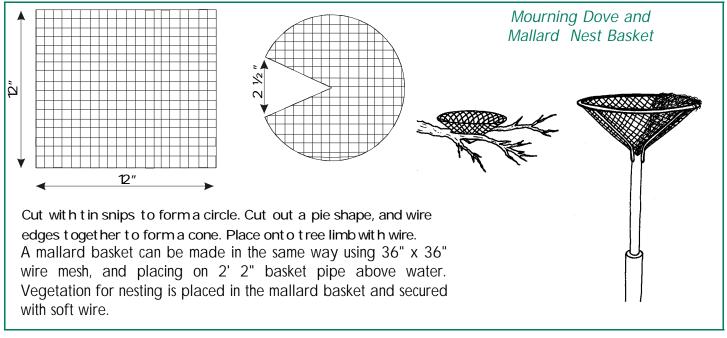


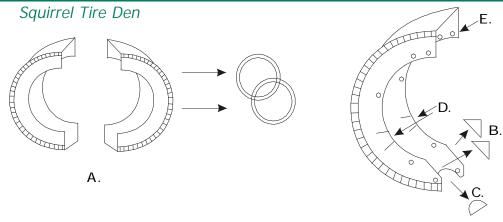
Wood Duck

Wood Duck 1/4 " holes 3" x 4" diamet er hole side (2) front 111/4 " 111/4 " top back 111/4 " floor 0 Hinge roof for cleaning, and use a wire to keep box shut.

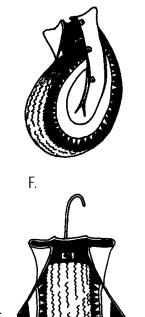




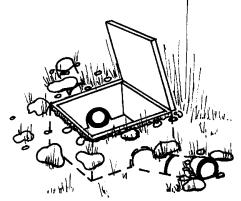




Old tires can be reused to construct a squirrel den. Use a regular, non-steel belted, tire. A) remove the bead from both sides of the tire, and cut the tire in half. B) cut a 3" triangle from each corner of the bottom of the tire. C) In the same end, cut a 3" diameter semicircle (this is the entrance hole). D) Cut 3" flaps in sidewalls about 1/3 distance up from the bottom of the tire. E) Punch holes into the sidewalls as shown. F) Fold the short end of the tire into the long end, and secure with roofing nails and washers. Hang with heavy wire or metal rod.



Rabbit Den



Dimensions of the burrow are not critical. A bottom is not necessary, as it will sit on the ground. Use durable lumber for the box, and bury it at ground level. Two semicircles should be cut on opposite ends at the bottom of the box. The tile should fit snugly into these holes. Bury the tiles at about 45 degree angle from the surface of the ground to the bottom of the box.



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Private Land Partnerships: This partnership was formed between both private and public organizations in order to address private lands wildlife issues. Individuals share resources, information, and expertise. This landowner's guide has been a combined effort between these groups working towards one goal: Natural Resources Education. We hope this manual provides you with the knowledge and the motivation to make positive changes for our environment.