

# **Compartment Review Presentation**

**Escanaba Forest Management Unit** 

Compartment 33065 Entry Year 2024 Acreage: 1,238

**County Menominee** 

Management Area: North Menominee Moraines

Stand Examiner: Dan Beaudo

**Legal Description:** 

T41N R25W, Sections 7, 8, 17 and 18; T41N R26W, Section 13

## **Identified Planning Goals:**

This compartment is part of the Menominee-Marquette Management Area. It is a little over 4 miles north of LaBranche in the northern portion of Menominee County. There is a mix of lowland and upland cover types. Cedar is the most abundant lowland cover type with northern hardwood being the most abundant upland cover type. The West Branch of the Ford River flows easterly through the southern portion of the compartment.

Despite higher deer populations in the area during yarding periods, hardwood regeneration including sugar and red maple was found inside and outside the compartment on adjacent corporate ownership. The regeneration success appears to be due to leaving lower residual basal area levels through heavier cuts such as shelterwood and seed-tree harvests. These harvest practices are not normally used in hardwood management in the western Upper Peninsula but may be the best means to regenerate the timber type due to high populations of deer and thick coverings on the forest floor by sedges.

Forest Health concerns consist of Spruce Budworm(SBW) with active defoliation/mortality and the increased activity of woodpeckers on ash trees resembling the Emerald Ash Borer (EAB) presence. Mortality in spruce/fir suggests the presence of SBW has been here for a few years. EAB may have just showed up last growing season with larvae now attracting woodpeckers. No sighs of ash mortality at this point.

There is 191 acres proposed to be treated via harvest this inventory cycle. Of this is 123 upland acres that are primarily northern hardwood thinning and a couple stands being treated for SBW. Two semi lowland stands are being treated to regenerate aspen and balm while the third has a component of ash showing signs of EAB activity. Another 128 acres that were harvested in 2020 have monitor treatments on them.

## Soil and topography:

Topography is level to gently rolling. The soils are primarily mucks/peats in the lowlands and loams and sandy loams in the uplands. The major soil series include complexes of Tawas, Deford, Onaway, Solona and Sundell.

## Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

The compartment is part of a mostly contiguous block of state ownership with large corporate industrial and non-industrial private (NIP) holdings surrounding the block. The corporate lands are managed for timber products and most of the NIP ownership is multi-use mainly recreational hunting, fishing and trapping and some timber production. Dwellings are seasonally occupied with access via county roads over private ownership or corporate land or extensive woods roads over corporate lands. A large hunting club with new owners controls the land south of the compartment.

## **Unique Natural Features:**

The West Brach of the Ford River flows west to east through the southern portion of the compartment. The main branch of the Ford River lies north of the compartment.

# **Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:**

None known.

#### **Special Management Designations or Considerations:**

Special considerations include the Guidance for Management of Conditional Deer Winter Range in the Southern U.P.

## **Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:**

This compartment contains the West Branch Ford River. The West Branch Ford River is a non-designated stream less than 50' width with a predicted mean July temperature of 68.2 °F (cool stream). A 100' plus 5' per 1% increase in slope; buffer is recommended for the West Branch Ford River to protect these areas in accordance with Best Management Practices.

#### Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

-comments from Wildlife Division-

## Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

Surface sediments consist of medium textured glacial till. There is insufficient data to determine the glacial drift thickness. The Ordovician Prairie du Chien Group underlies the glacial drift. The PdC could be used for stone and may overlap Precambrian aged rocks, which may have metallic and nonmetallic mineral potential. Gravel pits are located in the area and there appears to be potential, especially the upland drumlins. No economic oil and gas production has been found in the UP.

## **Vehicle Access:**

Two county gravel roads, the Bergman and North Gaber, come close to the southern compartment boundary. The North Gaber dead ends at private ownership adjacent to the state on the south east side. The Bergman gets close to the west compartment boundary with gate at the West Branch Ford River that is open most of the time except during hunting season. Beyond the private is corporate land two track road system that goes to Marquette County Road SD coming out south of Watson.

# **Survey Needs:**

For the proposed treatments, potentially eighteen survey corners maybe needed. Last YOE survey request contained fifteen corner requests but did not get initiated. It appears the section and quarter corners are monumented but few 1/16 corners have been set.

## **Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:**

There are no developed recreational facilities within the compartment. Several old roads are used for orv and snowmobile recreation by local landowners and clubs. Corporate and private landowners cooperate to allow recreational use of roads. Other recreational opportunities include hunting, fishing, trapping and horseback riding.

#### Fire Protection:

Access is fairly good throughout most of this compartment and the timber types in the area are generally low risk for fire hazard. Some of the interior more remote areas may present a greater fire hazard. During dry times of the year most of the compartment is accessible using four-wheel drive vehicles.

The roads need maintenance and have low wet portions that may prohibit some vehicles.

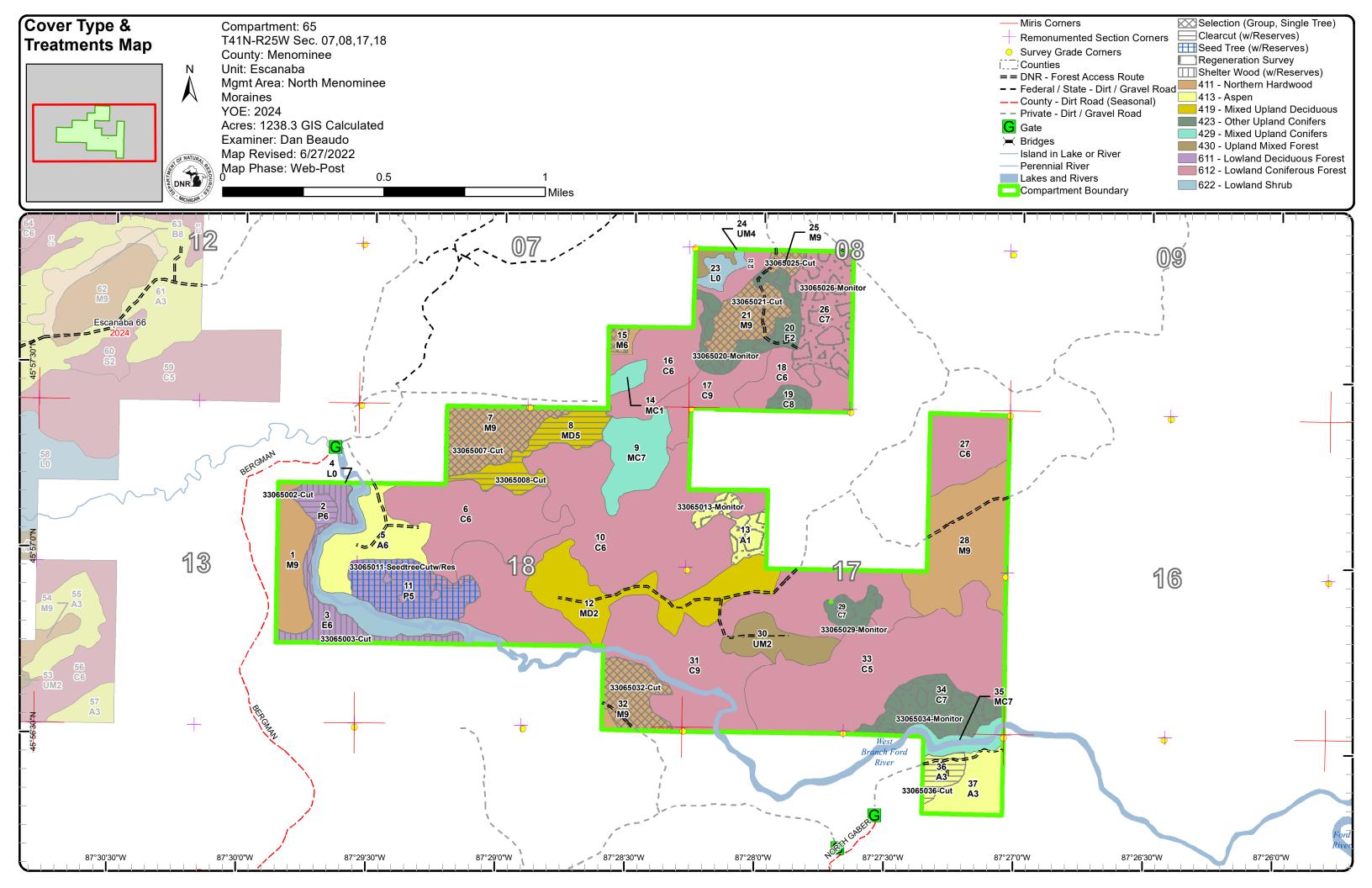
## **Additional Compartment Information:**

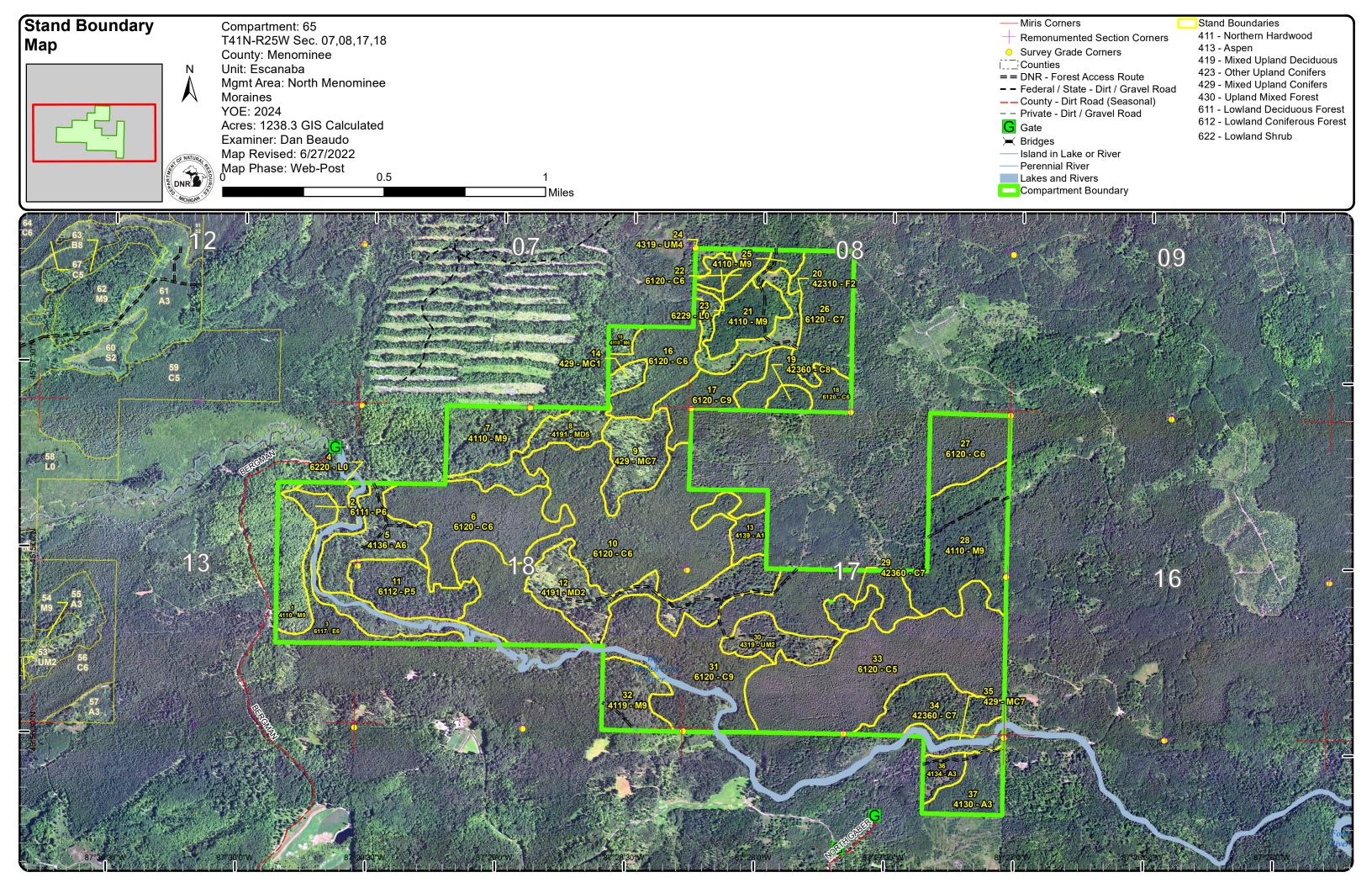
The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

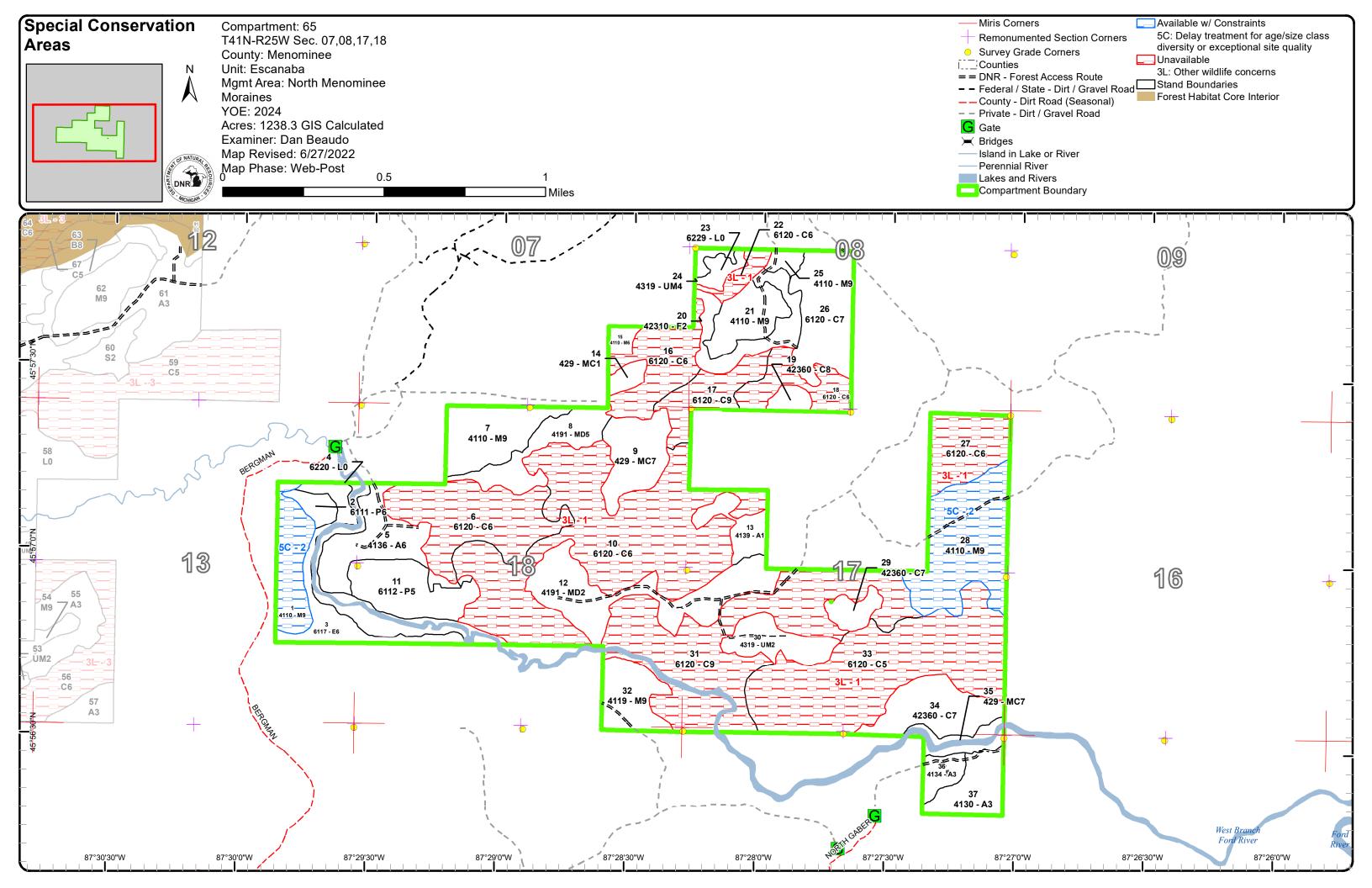
Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class
Cover Type by Harvest Method
Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors
Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors
Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)
Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas
Site Condition Details

The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:

Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers Proposed treatments
Site condition boundaries
Details on the road access system







Escanaba Mgt. Unit

Dan Beaudo: Examiner

Compartment 65 Year of Entry 2024



## Age Class

		Kag /	/ 3° / s	\$ \ \	g g	3 /4		/ 3 /s		/ \$ <sup>2</sup> / \$	/ \$ / &		72,	\$ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	R S			g* / _6*	To September 1	, /
Aspen	- Zog	15	0	30	0	33	0		0	/ <b>3</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	/
Cedar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	222	347	32	0	0	700	
Lowland Aspen/Balsam Poplar	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	
Lowland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	
Lowland Shrub	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	
Mixed Upland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	82	
Northern Hardwood	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	181	
Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	46	
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	
Upland Spruce/Fir	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	
Total	35	38	0	30	25	59	35	0	0	222	5	0	99	222	347	32	0	90	1238	1



# **Report 2 – Treatment Summary**

# Escanaba Mgt. Unit

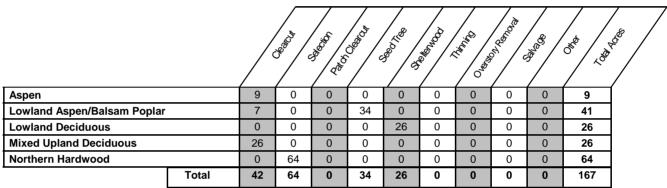
Year of Entry: 2024 Acres of Harvest

Total Compartment Acres: 1,238

Compartment 65

Commercial Harvest - 167 Harvests with Site Condition - 0 Next Step Harvest - 7 Habitat Cut - 7

# **Cover Type by Harvest Method**



## **Proposed and Next Step Treatments by Method**

Порс	Jacu and Ne	אנ טונ	p iie	atine	its by	MICHIC	Ju					
		/.		\$ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				90 / X	Sidio /	Set Se	No. 1	<u> </u>
Current		167	0	0	0	0	0	128	0	0	295	
Next Step		7	0	0	0	0	0	160	0	0	167	
	Total	173	0	0	0	0	0	288	0	0	462	

Escanaba Mgt. Unit

Report 3 -- Treatments

Year of Entry: 2024

S t а

**Treatment** n Name d

Acres

Stand CoverType

Size Density

Stand Age

BA Range

**Treatment** Type

**Treatment** Method

**Cover Type** Objective

Compartment: 65

Age Structure Habitat Cut

## **Proposed Treatments:**

33065002-Cut 6.8 6111 - Lowland Poletimber 55 51-80 Harvest Clearcut 6112 - Lowland Even-Aged No Ralsam Ponlar Well Asnen

Prescription Cut all trees greater than 3" dbh except leave hemlock. Dense cedar along stand 3 is to be placed in stand 3 treatment to leave cedar. Specs:

Next Step Harvest, Clearcut

**Treatments:** 

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen: Other

Stand has reached maturity with some aspen and balm dying out. Regenerate stand to promote aspen for greater diversity in the Comment: compartment. Also, harvest due to forest health concerns with EAB presence.

It has been agreed upon between FRD and WD to harvest the cedar within this stand because of the minimal amount of cedar and to promote maximum aspen regeneration to increase the diversity within this compartment.

Clearcutting is the solution to forest types whose seedlings or sprouts require full sunlight. Seeds and buds respond well to the warmed ground. The abundance of light produces excellent growth, some of the fastest we have. Species such as aspen, paper birch and jack pine require full sunlight.

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2023

33065003-Cut 26.4 6117 - Lowland Poletimber 50 111-Harvest Shelterwood 613 - Lowland Uneven-Nο Deciduous, Mixed Well 140 Mixed Forest Aged Coniferous

Prescription Cut all species greater than 3" dbh except leave cedar, hemlock and some large seed trees. Buffer river accordingly leaving some large trees along the cut line of mixed species for wildlife cavities and roosting. Cedar may be cut for operational purposes. Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

Other The amount of cedar and leave trees will produce the canopy more associated to a shelterwood harvest. This treatment will utilized species affected by SBW and EAB forest health concerns providing for regeneration opportunity in mature species. The shelterwood system lies Comment: somewhere in between the visual extremes of clearcutting and selection management. The parent forest is removed in several stages, with each stage successively establishing optimum environmental conditions for tree regeneration and then nursing the regeneration along to a point where the remaining parent forest can be harvested. Red oaks and white pine stands will often benefit from shelterwood harvesting.

Site Condition



Compartment: 65

Year of Entry: 2024

a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Habitat Cut
7	33065007-Cut	33.7	4110 - Sugar Maple Association	Sawtimbe Well	r 85	111- 140	Harvest	Single Tree Selection	411 - Northern Hardwood	Uneven- Aged	No

Prescription Selection thin stand to 50-70 basal area. Cut all ash, aspen, balm, balsam fir, ironwood and spruce that are 3" dbh and greater.

Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

<u>Other</u> Recommendations to thin Northern Hardwood stands every 15 years. It was last treated in 1983. Stand has spruce budworm and potential Comment: for EAB forest health concerns.

Forests require disturbance to regenerate. How, what, when and why can be management decisions with a purpose, or they can be subject to random natural events.

Selection harvesting may be the most misunderstood system and is certainly the most complex. When stands of trees become overly dense, forest health risks increase. Removing the higher-risk trees and leaving the trees with higher potential improves the quality and character of the forest. The partially-opened canopy allows enough light to accelerate individual tree health, vigor and allows seedlings to grow. The young trees eventually replace the older trees as the older trees either die or are harvested.

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2023

33065008-Cut 4191 - Mixed Poletimber 1-50 Harvest Clearcut 4319 - Mixed 26.4 Even-Aged No **Upland Deciduous** Medium **Upland Forest** with Conifer

Prescription Cut all trees greater than 3" except leave hemlock and some scattered large pine for seed trees.

Specs:

Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory) Next Step

Treatments:

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

Other 1 4 1 Stand has forest health issues present. Salvage from SBW and EAB activity while promoting regeneration from vigorous root systems. This treatment will also increase the diversity of aspen within the Compartment. Comment:

I has been agree upon between FRD and WD to harvest the cedar due to the minimal amount, adjacent to a large high quality cedar stand and to promote aspen diversity within the compartment.

Clearcutting is the solution to forest types whose seedlings or sprouts require full sunlight. Seeds and buds respond well to the warmed ground. The abundance of light produces excellent growth, some of the fastest we have. Species such as aspen, paper birch and jack pine require full sunlight.

Site Condition

Association

Aged

Compartment: 65

Hardwood

Selection

Year of Entry: 2024

S t

a n d	Treatment /	Acres Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Habitat Cut
21	33065021-Cut	22.3 4110 - Sugar Maple	Sawtimbe	r 85	111-	Harvest	Single Tree	411 - Northern	Uneven-	No

140

Prescription Selection thin stand according to Compleat Marker bringing stand down to approximately 70 basal area.

Well

Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

**Treatments:** 

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

Other Recommendations to thin Northern Hardwood stands every 15 years. It was last thinned in 1984. Forests require disturbance to regenerate.

Comment: How, what, when and why can be management decisions with a purpose, or they can be subject to random natural events.

Selection harvesting may be the most misunderstood system and is certainly the most complex. When stands of trees become overly dense, forest health risks increase. Removing the higher-risk trees and leaving the trees with higher potential improves the quality and character of the forest. The partially-opened canopy allows enough light to accelerate individual tree health, vigor and allows seedlings to grow. The young trees eventually replace the older trees as the older trees either die or are harvested.

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2023

25 33065025-Cut 4.6 4110 - Sugar Maple Sawtimber 80 111- Harvest Single Tree 411 - Northern Uneven-No Association Well 140 Selection Hardwood Aged

Prescription Selection thin stand according to Compleat Marker bringing stand down to 60-80 basal area. Cut all balsam, spruce and ironwood.

Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

**Treatments:** 

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

Other Recommendations to thin Northern Hardwood stands every 15 years. Stand was last treated in 1984. Forests require disturbance to regenerate. How, what, when and why can be management decisions with a purpose, or they can be subject to random natural events.

Selection harvesting may be the most misunderstood system and is certainly the most complex. When stands of trees become overly dense, forest health risks increase. Removing the higher-risk trees and leaving the trees with higher potential improves the quality and character of the forest. The partially-opened canopy allows enough light to accelerate individual tree health, vigor and allows seedlings to grow. The young trees eventually replace the older trees as the older trees either die or are harvested.

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2023

Sawtimber 33065032-Cut 4119 - Mixed Single Tree 411 - Northern 22.3 141-Harvest Uneven-No Northern Hardwoods 170 Selection Hardwood Well Aged

<u>Prescription</u> Selection thin stand according to the Compleat Marker bringing stand down to approximately 70 basal area. Cut all ash, balsam, spruce and ironwood 3" dbh and greater. All other species can be cut except hemlock. Retain small dense cedar patch in the south west portion of the stand. Other areas of cedar can be thinned to promote regeneration conditions.

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

**Treatments:** 

Acceptable Species of the canopy layers.

Regen: Other

Comment:

Regen:

Recommendations to thin Northern Hardwood stands every 15 years. Removal of ash due to emerald ash borer in the area. There are large ash trees that will be left in the buffer to the river. Selection harvesting may be the most misunderstood system and is certainly the most complex. When stands of trees become overly dense, forest health risks increase. Removing the higher-risk trees and leaving the trees with higher potential improves the quality and character of the forest. The partially-opened canopy allows enough light to accelerate individual tree health, vigor and allows seedlings to grow. The young trees eventually replace the older trees as the older trees either die or are harvested.

Site Condition

Stand

S t а

n

Year of Entry: 2024 **Cover Type** Age Habitat

d	Name		CoverType	Density	Age	Range	Type	Method	Objective	Structure	Cut
36	33065036-Cut	9.0	4134 - Aspen,	Sapling	24	Immatu	Harvest	Clearcut with	413 - Aspen	Even-Aged	No

**Treatment** 

**Treatment** 

BA

Prescription Clear cut with retention. Cut all merchantable trees except hemlock. Avoid/protect small diameter aspen patches.

Stand

Size

Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Acres

Treatments:

**Treatment** 

Acceptable Species in the canopy layers.

Regen:

Spruce budworm has infected the balsam fir and spruce in this stand. The treatment will utilize merchantable trees before mortality sets in Other 1 4 1

Comment: addressing the current forest health issue.

> Clearcutting is the solution to forest types whose seedlings or sprouts require full sunlight. Seeds and buds respond well to the warmed ground. The abundance of light produces excellent growth, some of the fastest we have. Species such as aspen, paper birch and jack pine

require full sunlight.

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2023

## **Approved Treatments:**

15 33065007-3.1 4110 - Sugar Maple Poletimber 141-Harvest Single Tree 4110 - Sugar Uneven-No SCw/Res Association Well 170 Selection Maple Aged Association

Prescription Selectcut with reserves. Thin to 70-90 residual basal area. Reserve hemlock, yellow birch and pine, if present.

Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

<u>Acceptable</u> Regeneration of sugar maple and associated northern hardwood species.

Regen:

Other 4 2 2 Stand last treated in 1984 on contract 014-84-01.

Comment:

Site Condition

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2013

11 33065011-34.3 6112 - Lowland Poletimber 80 81-110 Harvest Seed Tree with 6112 - Lowland Two-Aged Nο SeedtreeCutw Aspen Medium Retention Aspen

<u>Prescription</u> Scattered seed tree cut w/ reserves. Cut all except leave scattered seed tree clumps with clumps including pine and cedar and leave all Specs:

hemlock, beech and yellow birch, if present. Also, leave 2 or 3 patches of 1/2 acre size containing mostly cedar.

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

<u>Acceptable</u> Management objective of aspen, balm and mixed conifer.

Regen:

Leave a 100' buffer along West Branch of Ford River. Retention will include the buffer along river. Old next step comments: Check next Other 4 2 2

Comment: entry for regeneration.

Site Condition

S		Escanaba	Mgt. Unit		Repo	rt 3 1	Treatments		Compartmen Year of Entry		DNR DNR
t a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Habita Cut
13	33065013- Monitor	14.7	4139 - Aspen, Mixed Deciduous	Sapling Poor	2	Immatu re	Monitoring	Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)	4319 - Mixed Upland Forest	Even-Aged	No
Preso		ement of a	spen, balm and mi	xed conifer							
	Step ments:										
Acce Rege		jement obje	ective of aspen, ba	m and mixe	ed conif	er.					
Othe Com	r Percer ment:	nt to Treat =	= 100%								
	Condition										
<u>Propo</u>	33065019-		22 	Sawtimbe	r 135	51-80	Monitoring	Natural Regen	4113 - R.Maple,	Even-Aged	No
	Monitor		Cedar	Medium			Wormsoning	(Re-Inventory)	Conifer	Evon 7.god	
Preso Spec		jement obje	ective of red maple	, aspen, sp	ruce, fir						
	Step ments:										
		jement obje	ective of red maple	, aspen, sp	ruce, fir						
Rege Othe	<u>n:</u>	ement obje		, aspen, sp	ruce, fir						
Othe Com	<u>r</u> Percer			, aspen, sp	ruce, fir						
Othe Comi	r Percer ment:	nt to Treat =	= 100%	, aspen, sp	ruce, fir						
Othe Comi	n: r Percer ment: Condition	nt to Treat = 2: 10/1 /202	= 100%	, aspen, sp Sapling Medium	ruce, fir	Immatu re	Monitoring	Artificial Regen(3yr)	42320 - Upland Spruce	Even-Aged	No
Othe Comi Site ( Proper	n: Percer ment: Condition osed Start Date 33065020- Monitor cription Monito	10/1 /202 23.2	22 42310 - Planted Spruce	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No
Othe Common Site (Proper 20 Prese Speci	n: Percer ment: Condition osed Start Date 33065020- Monitor cription Monito	10/1 /202 23.2	22 42310 - Planted Spruce	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No
Othe Comi Site ( Prope 20 Prese Spec Next Treat	nn: r Percer ment: Condition osed Start Date 33065020- Monitor cription Monito s: Step ments: ptable Spruce	23.2 r per work i	22 42310 - Planted Spruce	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No
Rege Othe Common Site Common Special S	ment:  Condition  Seed Start Date  33065020-  Monitor  Cription Monito  Step  ments:  ptable Spruce  ptriction:	23.2 r per work i	22 42310 - Planted Spruce nstructions	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No
Rege Othe Common Site (Proposed Press Spec Next Treat Acce Rege Othe Common State (Common Special Proposed Press Spec Next Treat Acce Rege Othe Common Special Press Spec Next Treat Acce Rege Othe Common Special Press Spec	nn: r Percer ment: Condition osed Start Date 33065020- Monitor cription Monito s: Step ments: ptable Spruce in:	23.2 r per work i	22 42310 - Planted Spruce nstructions	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No
Rege Othe Comm Site ( Propo  20  Press Spec Next Treat Accee Rege Othe Comm Site (  Si	ment:  Percer ment:  Condition  osed Start Date  33065020- Monitor  cription Monito  Step ments:  ptable Spruce en: ment:	23.2 or per work i	22  42310 - Planted Spruce nstructions , pine, and birch.	Sapling		Immatu	Monitoring			Even-Aged	No

Proposed Start Date: 9 /30/2022

Acceptable Management objective is red maple and mixed conifer.

Percent to Treat = 100%

Next Step Treatments:

Regen:
Other

Comment:
Site Condition

S t		Escanab	a Mgt. Unit	1	Repoi	rt 3 '	Treatments		Compartmen Year of Entry		DNR DNR
a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Habitat Cut
29	33065029- Monitor	9.4	42360 - Upland Cedar	Sawtimbe Poor	r 136	51-80	Monitoring	Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)	4113 - R.Maple, Conifer	Even-Aged	No
Prese Spec		igement obj	ective of red maple	and conifer	r.						
	Step tments:										
Acce Rege		igement obj	ective of red maple	and conifer	r.						
Othe Com	<u>r</u> Perce <u>ment:</u>	ent to Treat	= 100%								
	Condition osed Start Da	te: 10/1 /20	)22								
34	33065034- Monitor	33.4	42360 - Upland Cedar	Sawtimbe Poor	r 134	1-50	Monitoring	Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)	4113 - R.Maple, Conifer	Even-Aged	No
Prese Spec		igement obj	ective of red maple	and conifer	r.						
	Step tments:										
Acce Rege		igement obj	ective of red maple	and conife	r.						
Othe Com	<u>r</u> Perce <u>ment:</u>	ent to Treat	= 100%								

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed: 317.3

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2022

Site Condition

Compartment: 65

Escanaba Mgt. Unit

Dan Beaudo : Examiner Year of Entry: 2024

# **Availability for Management**

Total	Acres	Acres Avail	Acres	D	omina	nt Site	Conditions
Acres	Available	With Condition	Not Available		5C	3L	
78	78	0	0	Aspen			
699	93	0	606	Cedar		606	
40	40	0	0	Lowland Aspen/Balsam Poplar			
28	28	0	0	Lowland Deciduous			
35	35	0	0	Lowland Shrub			
83	83	0	0	Mixed Upland Deciduous			
181	89	92	0	Northern Hardwood	92		
47	47	0	0	Upland Conifers			
24	24	0	0	Upland Mixed Forest			
23	23	0	0	Upland Spruce/Fir			
1,238	541	92	606	Total Forested Acres	92	606	
	44%	7%	49%	Relative Percent			

<sup>\*</sup>Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

	ominant Site nd Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
1 (	Unavailable	3L: Other wildlife concerns	606	1C: Other dept or div proc/practices	1D: Interest Group / Neighbor	Unspecified	Unspecified
	nments: ds having large	r quantities of cedar that are r	not availa	ble for harvest due to polit	ical and social restrictions	in regards to deer winterin	g habitat.
2	Available	5C: Delay treatment for age/size class diversity or	92	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified

Hold these stands until next cycle to create a thinning rotation of the M-type within this compartment so as not to treat all M-type in the same cycle. These stands had the most recent thinning's on them.

Mgt. Unit

Compartment: #Type! Year of Entry:



# Report 5 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA\* (SCA) DETAILS

\* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation	Acres
Comments				

Mgt. Unit Compartment:
Year of Entry

# Report 6 – EXISTING SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS



\* This is a list of SCA's for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to the Special Conservation Area Map for locations of the below listed Conservation Areas.

Conservation Type Description
Area

ERA = Ecological Reference Area

HCVA = High Conservation Value Area

SCA = Special Conservation Area



Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type		Size Der	nsity	Acres	Stand Age B	A Range	Managed 9	Site	General Comments
1	4110 - Sugar M	laple Asso	ciation	Sawtimbe	r Well	26.8	80	111-140	N/A		This stand was thinned in 1996 under contract 33-003-96-01 Bergman  Road Block timber sale. It is a northern hardwood ridge with good quality
	Canopy Species		Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	trees. Good regeneration of maple and ash are responding to the thinning
	Red Maple	5	Log	12		Iroi	nwood	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	but a fair amount shows browse damage.
	White Ash	5	Log	13		Wh	ite Ash	Medium	< 5 feet	Sapling	
	Basswood	10	Log	14		Suga	r Maple	High	< 5 feet	Sapling	
	Sugar Maple	80	Log	12	80						
2	6111 - Lowland	d Balsam F	Poplar	Poletimbe	er Well	6.8	55	51-80	N/A		Stand looks fairly healthy with some of the aspen and balm dying out.  Most of the ash looks like the woodpeckers are leaving them alone but in
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	the next stand along the river there is lots of woodpecker activity on the
	Quaking Aspen	25	Pole	9		Ash	(spp.)	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	ash trees. About a quarter of the stand is ash so treat stand to utilize
	Balsam Poplar	45	Pole	8	55	White	Spruce	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	before the emerald ash borer causes complete mortality. Trace amounts
	Black Ash	5	Pole	6							of balsam fir, hemlock, white spruce, red maple, and birch.
	Green Ash	20	Pole	8							
No	rthern White Cedar	5	Log	10							
3	6117 - Lowland I Coni	Deciduous, ferous	, Mixed	Poletimbe	er Well	28.4	50	111-140	N/A		This is a mixed stand that is mostly lowland with some upland areas. Tag alder present in open areas of the stand. Scattered blowdowns and the
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	appearance of SBW and EAB activity. Trace amounts of white ash, yellow birch, red maple, aspen, hemlock and pine.
	Balsam Poplar	25	Log	10		Bla	ck Ash	Low	< 5 feet	Sapling	yellow bilon, red maple, aspen, nemiock and pine.
	White Spruce	10	Pole	8		Tag	Alder	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	
	Balsam Fir	5	Pole	6		Balsa	m Poplar	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
No	rthern White Cedar	15	Log	12	138			,		,	-
	Black Ash	30	Pole	6	50						
	Green Ash	10	Pole	8							
4	6220 - A	lder/willow		Nonsto	cked	28.6	U	Inspecified	No		West Branch of the Ford River runs through this stand. Shoreline is
						Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	composed of tall grasses with some scattered clumps of ash, cedar and
							Alder	High	99		other mix conifer. Ash has woodpecker activity tearing off the bark looking for larva similar to emerald ash borer infestation.
5	4136 - Aspen	, Mixed Co	nifer	Poletimbe		33.2	42 U	Inspecified	N/A	·	A mixed stand with majority being aspen and balm. Past beaver activity along the river has promoted balm/fir/spruce and cedar type. Scattered
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	large white pine. SBW appearing in spruce/fir. Trace amounts of cherry,
	Quaking Aspen	50	Pole	7	42	White	Spruce	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	hemlock, maple and birch. Past open areas are filling in with mixed
	Balsam Poplar	25	Pole	6							regeneration.
			Cardina/Dal	. 4							
	Balsam Fir	5	Sapling/Pole	e 4							
	Balsam Fir White Spruce	5	Pole/Sapling								
No	White Spruce	5	Pole/Sapling	g 6							



	Level 4 Co	over Type		Size De	nsity	Acres Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments
6	6120 - Lov	vland Ceda	ar F	Poletimb	er Well	64.6 111	171-200	N/A		Most of stand is nearly pure cedar with occasional patches of black spruce with some tamarack. Ground is very wet in some portions. Trace
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Canopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	amounts of balsam fir, white spruce and white pine. Mixed quality of
	Black Spruce	5	Pole	8		Tag Alder	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	cedar seems dependent upon areas of variable wetness.
No	rthern White Cedar	95	Pole	8	111	Northern White Ceda	ar Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
7	4110 - Sugar M			Sawtimb		33.7 85	111-140	N/A		This stand was treated in 1983 on contract 33-014-82-01 Bergman  Bridge Sale. Open areas within a hardwood stand where short lived
	Canopy Species		Size Class		Age	Sub-Canopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	species were removed in the past and slow to regenerate. High density o
	Basswood	5	Log/Pole	12		Sugar Maple	Low	>20 feet	Sapling	sedge present. Trace amounts of hemlock, cherry, aspen, balm, balsam
No	rthern White Cedar	5	Pole	8		Ironwood	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	fir and white pine.
	Sugar Maple	80	Log	12	85					
	Balsam Fir	5	Pole	8						
	White Ash	5	Log/Pole	13						
8	4191 - Mixed Upla Co	and Decidu	ous with Po	oletimbe	Mediun	n 26.4 40	1-50	N/A		Stand was treated in 1982 under contract 33-014-82-01 Bergman Bridge Sale. There is a variable density and size to the regeneration. Spruce
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Canopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height	Size	budworm is in the stand with emerald ash borer in the area. Trace amounts of ash, cedar, hemlock, sugar maple, white spruce, and pine.
	White Pine	15	Log	15		Balsam Fir	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	Salvage spruce fir while harvesting at good vigor will help aspen and
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole	6		White Spruce	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	balm fill in open areas.
	Balsam Poplar	25	Pole	6	40			1		
	Black Cherry	15	Sapling	3						
9	429 - Mixed L	Jpland Con	ifers §	Sawtimb	er Poor	28.7 135	1-50	N/A		Stand was shelterwood treated in 1999 by the Bunchberry (33-040-96-01
9	429 - Mixed L	•	ifers Size Class		er Poor	28.7 135 Sub-Canopy Specie		N/A Avg. Height	Size	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce
9		•							<b>Size</b> Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of
9	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH		Sub-Canopy Specie	es Density	Avg. Height		timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce
	Canopy Species Black Cherry	% Cover	Size Class Pole	<b>DB</b> F		Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch	es Density Low	Avg. Height 10 - 20 feet	Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of
	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir	<b>% Cover</b> 5 5	Size Class Pole Pole	<b>DB</b> H 8 6		Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine	Low Low	Avg. Height 10 - 20 feet < 5 feet	Sapling Seeding	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of
	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir	% Cover 5 5 35	Size Class Pole Pole Log/Pole	8 6 10	Age	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple	Low Low Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of
	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine	% Cover 5 5 35 40	Size Class Pole Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log	8 6 10 18	Age	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce	Low Low Low Medium	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of
	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine Paper Birch White Spruce	% Cover 5 5 35 40 5	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole	DBH 8 6 10 18 8	135	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir	Low Low Low Medium Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in
No	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine Paper Birch White Spruce 6120 - Lov	% Cover 5 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole	B	135	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in patches that tend to be a little upland. Trace amounts of ash, aspen,
No	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine Paper Birch White Spruce	% Cover 5 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole	B	135 er Well	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in
No	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine Paper Birch White Spruce 6120 - Low	% Cover 5 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole Size Class	B	135 er Well	Sub-Canopy Specie Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar  172.0 126  Sub-Canopy Specie	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified Low Low Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet  N/A  Avg. Height	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling Sapling Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in patches that tend to be a little upland. Trace amounts of ash, aspen,
No	Canopy Species  Black Cherry  Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar  White Pine  Paper Birch  White Spruce  6120 - Low  Canopy Species  Balsam Fir  Red Maple	% Cover 5 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda % Cover 5	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole Size Class Pole	BBH	135 er Well	Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar  172.0 126  Sub-Canopy Specie Balsam Fir	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified Low Low Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet  N/A  Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in patches that tend to be a little upland. Trace amounts of ash, aspen,
No	Canopy Species Black Cherry Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar White Pine Paper Birch White Spruce 6120 - Low Canopy Species Balsam Fir Red Maple Black Spruce	% Cover 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda   % Cover 5 5 5 5 5 5	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole Size Class Pole Pole Pole Pole Pole Pole	BBH	135 er Well	Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar  172.0 126  Sub-Canopy Specie Balsam Fir	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified Low Low Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet  N/A  Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in patches that tend to be a little upland. Trace amounts of ash, aspen,
No	Canopy Species  Black Cherry  Balsam Fir orthern White Cedar  White Pine  Paper Birch  White Spruce  6120 - Low  Canopy Species  Balsam Fir  Red Maple	% Cover 5 35 40 5 10 wland Ceda % Cover 5 5 5	Pole Log/Pole XLog/Log Pole Pole Pole Size Class Pole Pole	BBH	135 er Well	Paper Birch White Pine Red Maple White Spruce Balsam Fir Balsam Poplar  172.0 126  Sub-Canopy Specie Balsam Fir	Low Low Low Medium Low Medium Unspecified Low Low Low	Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet  < 5 feet  >20 feet  < 5 feet  5 - 10 feet  >20 feet  N/A  Avg. Height  10 - 20 feet	Sapling Seeding Sapling Seeding Sapling Sapling Sapling Sapling	timber sale. Residual trees included cedar, hemlock, pine, white spruce and cherry. Stand is filling in with a variety of species. Trace amounts of hemlock, maple, red pine, black spruce and yellow birch.  This is a large stand that is dominated by cedar. Other species are in patches that tend to be a little upland. Trace amounts of ash, aspen,



er (33-024-15-01) timber has caused mortality. Ash ar to the Emerald Ash species including ash,  s in more open areas. In divide was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed and some pine seed trees
ar to the Emerald Ash species including ash, species including ash, sin more open areas. In was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
species including ash, s in more open areas. d was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
nd was treated in 1991 balsam and mixed
and some pine seed trees
24-15-01 West Branch arvested except hemlock,
other mixed species
were also retained from
the logging access trail.
e (33-014082-01) in the ept hemlock and pine.
ir. Some balm along the
nwood in the higher
on the West Branch Ford
d with corporate lands on
į

Compartment: 65	1
Year of Entry: 2024	PARTME



Stand	d Level 4 C	over Type		Size Density	Acres	Stand Age I	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments		
16	6120 - Lo	wland Ceda	r	Poletimber Well	34.3	114 l	Jnspecified	N/A			Quality of cedar products is variableportions are good quality bolts a	
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	posts, wetter portions poor timber products with blowdown and leaned Trace amounts of ash, balm, birch, hemlock, white spruce, maple at		
	Tamarack	5	Pole	7	Ta	ag Alder	Low	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	pine		
No	orthern White Cedar	90	Log	10 114	Northerr	n White Cedar	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling			
1	Black Spruce	5	Pole	6								
17	6120 - Lo	wland Ceda	r	Sawtimber Well	24.2	135	171-200	N/A		This is a mixed stand with cedar being overtopped by short lived species. Balm, birch, fir, maple and spruce are at maturity with mortali		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	setting in. Trace amounts of spruce, ash, sugar maple and aspen.		
	Red Maple	15	Log	12	Northerr	n White Cedar	Medium	>20 feet	Pole			
	Paper Birch	15	Pole	8								
	Balsam Poplar	5	Log	10								
No	orthern White Cedar	55	Log	12   135								
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole	6								
18	6120 - Lo	wland Ceda	r	Poletimber Well	22.9	135	141-170	N/A		Lowland cedar swamp with trace amounts of maple, hemlock, spruce,		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	balsam fir, tamarack and pine.		
No	orthern White Cedar	95	Pole	8 135	Ва	ılsam Fir	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling			
	Paper Birch	5	Pole	8	Northerr	n White Cedar	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling			
19 42360 - Upland Cedar Sawtimber				awtimber Mediu	m 5.8	5.8 135 51-80		N/A		Stand was treated in 12/2019 under contract 33-024-15 West Branch		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	Ford River timber sale. All trees 3" and greater were harvested except cedar and some maple, birch, hemlock, pine seed trees.		
No	orthern White Cedar	100	Log	12 135	Ва	ılsam Fir	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	sodar and some maple, biron, nemiook, pine seed trees.		
20	42310 - Pla	anted Sprud	ce :	Sapling Medium	23.2	5	Immature	N/A		This stand was clearcut, except leave hemlock, in 1984 under contract		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age						33-047-82-01. Stand was not regenerating so it was planted on 5/13/16 on FTP#33-689, with 14,000 white spruce and 1,000 white pine 3-0		
	Hemlock	5	Log	12						seedlings. The residual overstory was not cut, the seedlings were		
	White Spruce	80	Sapling	1 5						planted in the open areas. The spruce are noticeable through the snow		
	White Pine	5	Sapling	1						cover. Not as much of the white pine are sticking up		
	Black Cherry	10	Sapling	2								
21	Black Cherry 4110 - Sugar N		, 0	2 Sawtimber Well	22.3	85	111-140	N/A		This stand was thinned in 1984 on the Five Doe Sale 33-047-82-01. Nice		
21	,	Maple Assoc	, 0			85 nopy Species		N/A Avg. Height	Size	quality hardwoods looking healthy with higher basal area. Trace amounts		
21	4110 - Sugar N	Maple Assoc	ciation	Sawtimber Well	Sub-Ca				Size Sapling			



Stan	d Level 4 Co	over Type		Size De	ensity	Acres	Stand Age E	BA Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments
22	6120 - Lov	vland Ceda	ar	Poletimb	er Well	7.9	125	171-200	N/A		Mostly a buffer of cedar along the transition to the upland hardwood type. Trace amounts of balm, balsam, maple and hemlock.
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	type. Trace amounts of bailti, baisant, maple and hemiock.
	Black Ash	10	Pole	5		Norther	n White Cedar	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
	White Spruce	5	Log	13		BI	ack Ash	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	75	Pole	8	125						
	Balsam Poplar	5	Log	10							
	Paper Birch	5	Pole	8							
23	6229 - Mixed	lowland s	hrub	Nonsto	ocked	6.5	L	Inspecified	No		Wet area with tall grass and some trees scattered like ash, cedar and
						Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	spruce.
						Mich	nigan Holly	Medium		Tall Shrub	
						T	ag Alder	Medium		Tall Shruk	
24	4319 - Mixed	<u>'</u>		Poletimb	er Poor	3.5	32	1-50	N/A		Stand was cut in 1984 under contract 33-047-82-01. Mixed upland and lowland along property line. Old grassy opening previously described is
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBF	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	slowly filling in by a mix of seedlings.
	Sugar Maple	10	Log	10			alsam Fir	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	
	Black Ash	15	Pole	5			am Poplar	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	White Spruce	20	Pole	6	32	Wh	ite Spruce	Low	< 5 feet	Seeding	
	Black Spruce	5	Pole	5							
	Balsam Poplar	10	Sapling	4							
	Tamarack	10	Pole	6							
No	orthern White Cedar	10	Pole	8							
	Red Maple	20	Pole	6	32						
25	4110 - Sugar M	aple Asso	ciation	Sawtimb	er Well	4.6	80	111-140	N/A		Hardwood stand that was last thinned in 1984 under contract 33-047-82- 101. Some low areas in the stand producing a lower quality of hardwood.
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class		l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	Trace amounts of other species such as cedar, balsam fir, spruce, white
	Hemlock	5	Log	12		Ir	onwood	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	pine, and yellow birch.
	Basswood	5	Log	12		Norther	n White Cedar	Low	>20 feet	Pole	
	Red Maple	15	Log	14							
	Sugar Maple	75	Log	14	80						
26	6120 - Lov	vland Ceda	ar	Sawtimb		41.9	128	1-50	N/A		Stand was treated in 12/2019 under contract 33-024-15-01 West Branch Ford River timber sale. All trees 3" dbh and greater were harvested
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBF	I Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	except cedar, hemlock, yellow birch and some seed trees. Mostly lowland
	Hemlock	10	Log	10		Qual	king Aspen	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	with some slight upland. Trace amounts of maple, birch, spruce and
	Yellow Birch	5	Log	10		Bals	am Poplar	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	balsam.
	White Pine	5	XLog	18		Ва	alsam Fir	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	80	Log	12	128						



Stand	d Level 4 Co	Level 4 Cover Type			Acres	Stand Age B	A Range	Managed S	Site	General Comments	
27			Poletimber Well	31.7	- 4			Poor quality cedar characteristic of wetter site. Some slight higher glevation have better quality. Tamarack and black spruce mixed in with			
	Canopy Species		Size Class	DBH Age		nopy Species		Avg. Height	Size	some areas with higher concentrations. Areas of blown over balsam fir	
	White Pine	5	XLog	18		ag Alder	Low	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	and black spruce.	
	Black Spruce	5	Pole	8	BI	ack Ash	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling		
No	orthern White Cedar	85	Pole	8 147							
	Tamarack	5	Pole	8							
28	4110 - Sugar N	•		Sawtimber Well	64.9 84		111-140	N/A		Good quality sugar maple stand with small amounts of other species. Regeneration has been browsed but signs of good regeneration for a	
	Canopy Species		Size Class	DBH Age		nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	Menominee County northern hardwood stand. Some tall knolls with	
	Sugar Maple	90	Log	12 84		onwood	High	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	steep slopes. Trace amounts of cedar, balsam fir, spruce, white pine,	
	Red Maple	5	Log	12	Ma	ple (spp.)	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	hemlock, paper birch, yellow birch, white ash, and black cherry.	
	Basswood	5	Log	12	W	hite Ash	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling		
29	42360 - U	pland Ceda	ır	Sawtimber Poor	9.4	136	51-80	N/A		Upland island in swamp that was treated on 3/2020 under contract 33-	
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	were cut except cedar and some seed trees. Good maple sprouting with	
	Hemlock	5	Log	12	Ma	ple (spp.)	Medium	< 5 feet	Sapling	some making it past deer browsal. Trace seed tree species of pine,	
No	orthern White Cedar	95	Log	12   136						spruce and maple.	
30		4319 - Mixed Upland Forest Sapling Medium							Stand was treated in 1990 under contract 33-017-86-01. Cedar, pine was some spruce and fir seed trees were retained. Balm, cherry with some		
	Canopy Species		Size Class	DBH Age		nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	birch, maple spruce and fir regeneration is slowly filling in the stand.	
	Balsam Fir	5	Pole	6		rry/Raspberry	Medium	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub		
	Black Cherry	10	Sapling	3		n Cherry	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling		
	White Spruce	10	Pole	6	Whi	te Spruce	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling		
	Balsam Poplar	45	Sapling	3 30							
No	orthern White Cedar	20	Log	10							
	White Pine	10	XLog	18							
31	6120 - Lov	wland Ceda	ır	Sawtimber Well	125.8	134 U	Inspecified	N/A		Very nice cedar stand with trees straight and tall. Ocassional XL white	
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	pine. Other species observed: basswood, sugar/red maple, fir, white pine.	
	Balsam Poplar	5	Log	12	Ва	lsam Fir	Low	10 - 20 feet	Sapling		
		5	Log	13							
	White Spruce	5		13							
No	White Spruce orthern White Cedar	85	Log	12 134							
No	•		Log Log								
No.	orthern White Cedar	85 5	Log	12 134	24.2	88	141-170	N/A		This stand is a mixed quality with a variety of hardwood species. It is	
	orthern White Cedar Paper Birch	85 5 orthern Hard	Log	12 134 10		88		N/A Avg. Height	Size	mostly upland with low areas containing ash, cedar, hemlock and red	
	Paper Birch 4119 - Mixed No	85 5 orthern Hard	Log	12 134 10 Sawtimber Well	Sub-Ca				<b>Size</b> Sapling	mostly upland with low areas containing ash, cedar, hemlock and red maple. Several dead trees on the ground with a high basal area.	
	Paper Birch  4119 - Mixed No  Canopy Species	85 5 orthern Hard % Cover	Log dwoods Size Class	12 134 10 Sawtimber Well	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height		mostly upland with low areas containing ash, cedar, hemlock and red maple. Several dead trees on the ground with a high basal area.	
	Paper Birch  4119 - Mixed No  Canopy Species  Green Ash	85 5 orthern Hard % Cover	Log dwoods Size Class Log	12 134 10 Sawtimber Well  DBH Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species onwood	<b>Density</b> Low	Avg. Height 5 - 10 feet	Sapling	mostly upland with low areas containing ash, cedar, hemlock and red maple. Several dead trees on the ground with a high basal area. Unknown if this stand was ever thinned. Remove ash due to emerald as	
	Paper Birch  4119 - Mixed No  Canopy Species  Green Ash  Red Maple	85 5 orthern Hard <b>% Cover</b> 15 15	Log dwoods Size Class Log Log/Pole	12 134 10 Sawtimber Well  DBH Age  12 12 12	Sub-Ca	nopy Species onwood	<b>Density</b> Low	Avg. Height 5 - 10 feet	Sapling	mostly upland with low areas containing ash, cedar, hemlock and red maple. Several dead trees on the ground with a high basal area. Unknown if this stand was ever thinned. Remove ash due to emerald as	

Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type		Size Density	Acres	s Stand Age E	BA Range	Managed \$	Site	General Comments
33	6120 - Lov	wland Ceda	r Po	oletimber Medi	um 124.9	9 137	81-110			Poor quality cedar appearing like minimal wintering cover due to low wet
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-0	Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	site. Cedar is 1-2 sticks with sweep and lots of blow down is areas.  Trace amounts of white pine, black ash, red maple and balm.
	Black Spruce	5	Pole	6		Tag Alder	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Tall Shrub	
	Tamarack	5	Pole	5						
No	rthern White Cedar	90	Pole	6 137						
34	42360 - U	pland Ceda	r :	Sawtimber Poo	or 33.4	134	1-50	N/A		This stand was treated in 3/2020 under contract 33-024-15 West Bran
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-0	Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	Ford River timber sale. All species greater than 3" were cut except cedar hemlock, yellow birch and some seed trees. Red maples sprouting good
	White Spruce	5	Log	14	I	Balsam Fir	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	but heavily browsed. Some sprouts have made it 5' tall.
	White Pine	15	XLog	22	I	Red Maple	Low	< 5 feet	Sapling	
No	rthern White Cedar	80	Log	10 134						
35	429 - Mixed L	Jpland Con	ifers :	Sawtimber Poo	or 12.4	87	1-50	N/A		This stand contains the West Branch of the Ford River and approximate 100 feet of buffer on each side. The buffer on the west end of the stand
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age						almost 100% canopy where as the east portion being old beaver meado
	Balsam Poplar	20	Log	14						with cedar trees. Scattered ash, spruce, balsam, balm and pine. Higher
	White Spruce	25	Log	14 87						upland bank going down to the river on the south side. North side of the
No	rthern White Cedar	20	Log	12						river not as high with more low areas.
	Black Ash	10	Pole	6						
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole	6						
	Green Ash	10	Pole	8						
	White Pine	5	XLog	20						
36	4134 - Aspe	en, Spruce/	Fir	Sapling Well	9.0	24	24 Immature N/A			This portion was delineated out of the larger stand because of the higher
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-0	Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	concentration of spruce and fir in this area containing Spruce Budworm infestation. Some trees are showing signs of mortality. Aspen is variable
	Balsam Fir	15	Pole	8	W	hite Spruce	Low		Seeding	in diameter with patches containing smaller diameters. Larger diameter
	White Spruce	20	Pole	8	,					trees around the open area.
	Black Cherry	5	Pole	8						
	Balsam Poplar	10	Pole	8						
	Quaking Aspen	50	Sapling	4 24						
37	4130	- Aspen						Stand was clearcut leaving hemlock, pine, cherry in 1998-99 under		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH Age	Sub-0	Canopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	contract 33-038-96-01. Predominantly aspen with ash and balm in the lower areas of the stand. There is a high ridge along the east line with
	Quaking Aspen	60	Sapling	4 24	Black	berry/Raspberry	Low	< 5 feet	Tall Shrub	
	Balsam Fir	5	Sapling	2			,			•
	White Spruce	5	Sapling	4						
	Black Ash	10	Sapling	3						
		_	1 0							