

Compartment Review Presentation

Shingleton Forest Management Unit

Compartment 41100 Entry Year 2025 Acreage: 850

County Delta

Management Area: Escanaba Lake and Till Plain

Stand Examiner: Adam Petrelius

Legal Description:

T37N R19W Sections 2, 3, 10, 11, and 14

Identified Planning Goals:

The main goal in this compartment is to conduct multiple resource management for current and future generations. It lies within the Lake Michigan Shoreline Management Area. Vegetative management in the Lake Michigan Shoreline Management Area will emphasize protection of the unique character of the area and all of the threatened, endangered, and special concern species while providing recreational opportunities, timber products and wildlife habitat.

Soil and topography:

The topography in this compartment is mostly flat; the soils are mainly shallow layers directly over limestone bedrock. The soil types are mainly poorly drained organics with some loams mixed throughout.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

Ownership in and around the compartments is somewhat fragmented and the Lake Michigan Shoreline is continually being developed with summer homes. Fragmentation is leading to more Land Use problems since new gates are emerging all the time.

Unique Natural Features:

Various rare plant are found growing on the Limestone Bedrock Glade that exists here at the tip of the Garden Peninsula.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:

Sites are present and documented at the Office of the State Archaeologist.

Special Management Designations or Considerations:

The entire compartment is classified as obligate winter range for deer. An ERA also exists for Limestone Bedrock Lakeshore. A large portion of the compartment is also classified as a non-dedicated natural area. Most of it was previously designated as potential old growth, but this classification is being removed since these areas do not meet our current definition of old growth.

Whitetail deer concentrate very heavily in this compartment during winter months. The large presence of deer each winter here at the tip of the Garden Peninsula causes regeneration issues. Harvests in the past 10 to 20 years down here are barren stump fields and the entire compartment is factor limited because we are unable to achieve desireable regeneration here.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:

This compartment boarders Lake Michigan on the eastern shore of Garden Peninsula. A 100-foot, plus 5 feet per 1% increase in slope, buffer is recommended for Lake Michigan shoreland to protect these areas in accordance with Best Management Practices.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

Located in the Escanaba/Door Peninsula ecological sub-subsection and along the Lake Michigan shoreline on the Garden Peninsula, this compartment constitutes the southern tip of the Garden Peninsula (Point Detour). The General Land Office surveyor notes (circa 1850) show cedar, hemlock, white birch, and aspen to have been the dominant forest species at the time. The notes also indicate a fair amount of evidence of fire and windthrow within the area. Current forests are dominated by cedar in the shoreline and wetland areas with spruce/fir and aspen prevailing on the remaining uplands. Wildlife habitat objectives include maintaining closed canopy conifer forests for wintering deer and migrating warblers, protecting habitat for sensitive plant species, and providing early successional deciduous forest stands. Wildlife species of special interest utilizing this compartment include white-tailed deer, ruffed grouse, and woodcock.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

No known potential exists for commercial oil & gas production in this part of the state, and there is no known metallic mineral potential in this area. The nearest known active sand/gravel pit is more than three miles south. The compartment is dominated by wetlands, which would inhibit significant surface mining. No current mineral leasing activity exists in the

area, and there are no notable prospects for mineral development in the area at this time. The State does not own all the mineral rights within the compartment. Because the mineral estate is the dominant estate, the surface owner must provide the owner of the mineral rights reasonable access to the surface for mineral exploration and development.

Vehicle Access:

Vehicle access is decent through the compartment; the Department currently holds easements through the private land in Sections 2 and 11. Due to the low topography and organic soils the roads often become filled with standing water after large rain events and during spring break-up. However, due to the exposed bedrock roads are usually passable even in high water.

Survey Needs:

None.

Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:

There are no developed recreation facilities within this compartment.

Fire Protection:

Surrounded by water, weather conditions limit fire potential in this area along with lack of human activity. Some previous fires have occurred on Poverty Island. Access would be difficult, and the compartment is most prone to lightning fires during the dry summer periods.

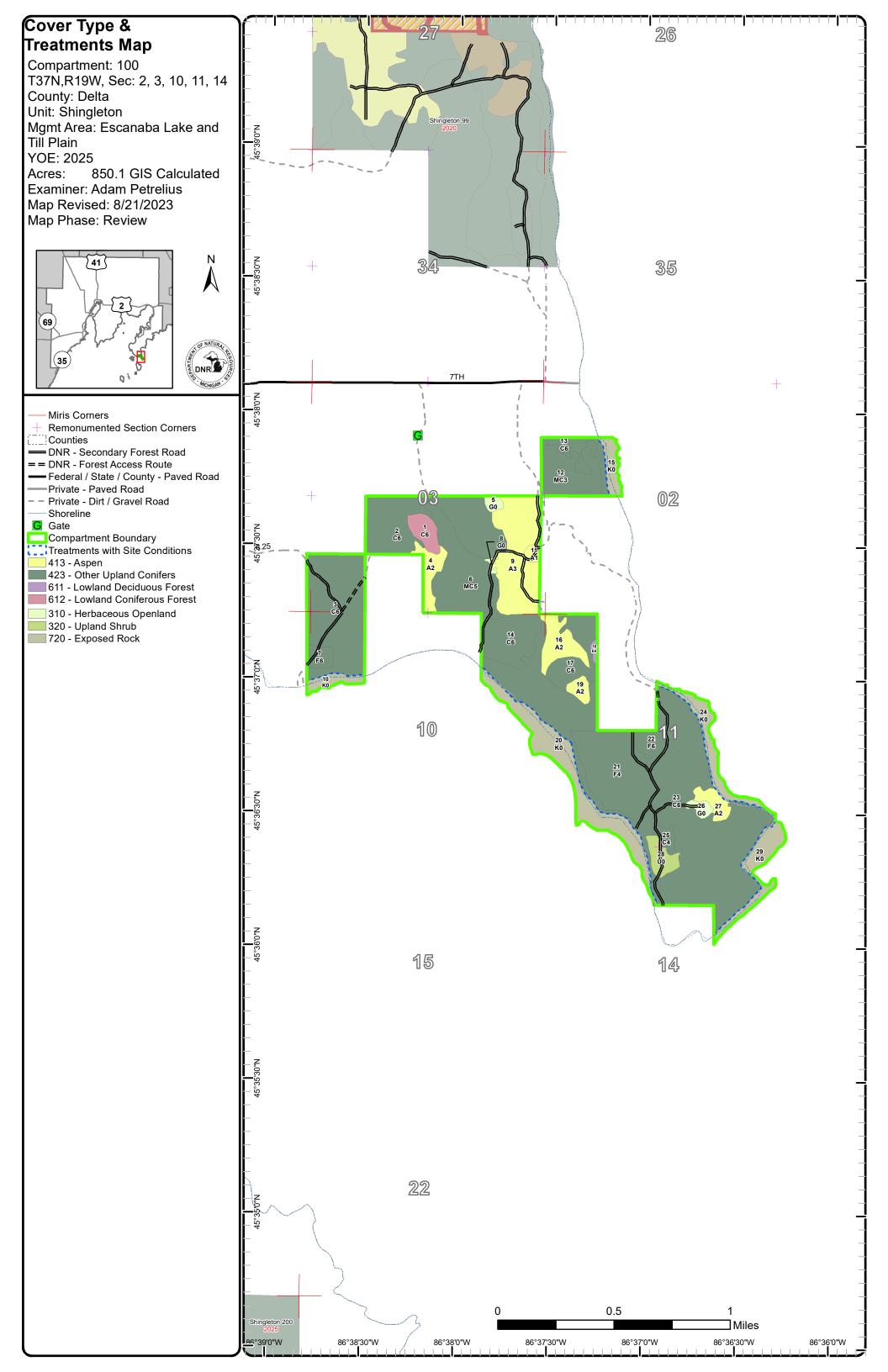
Additional Compartment Information:

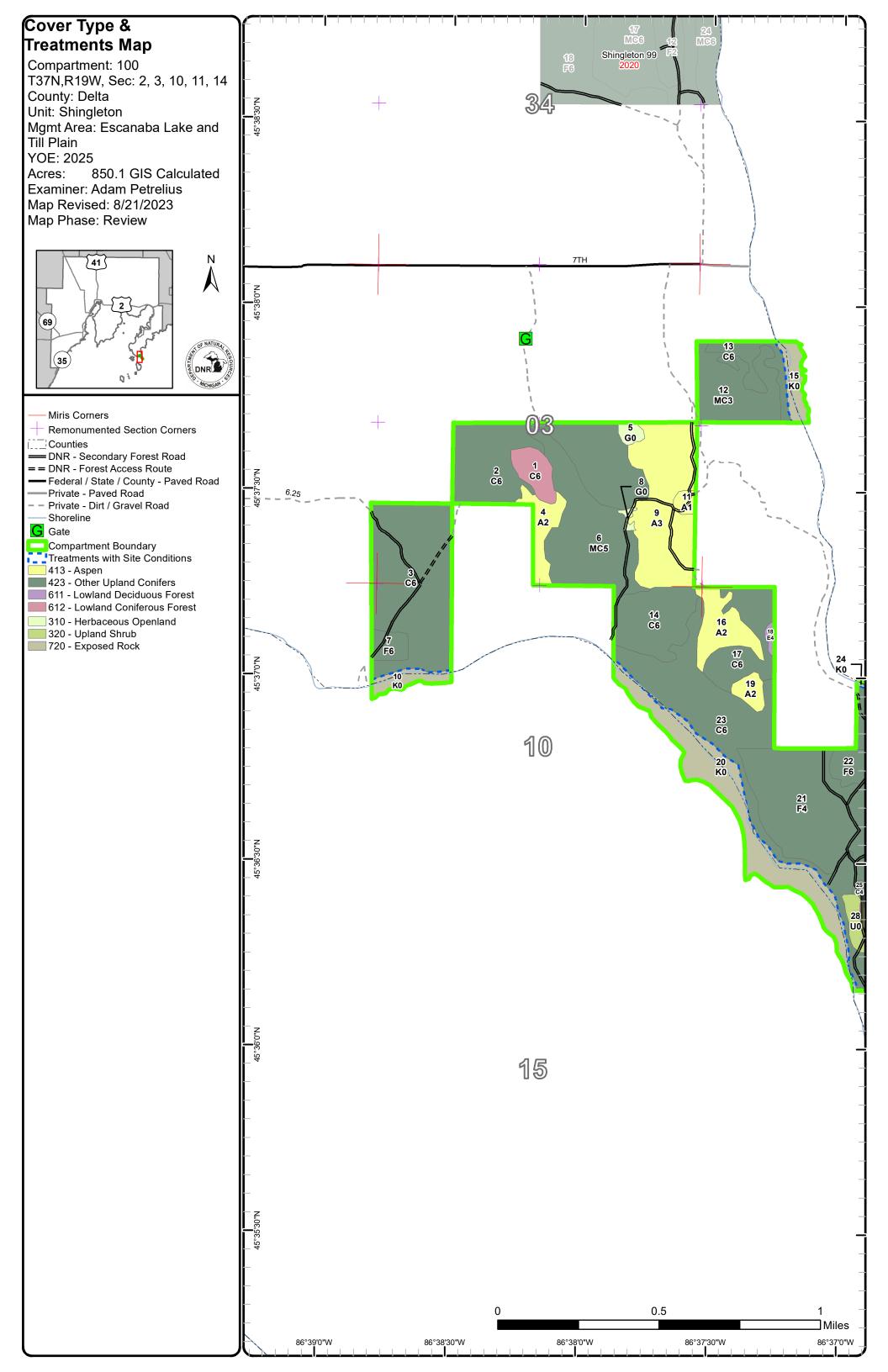
The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

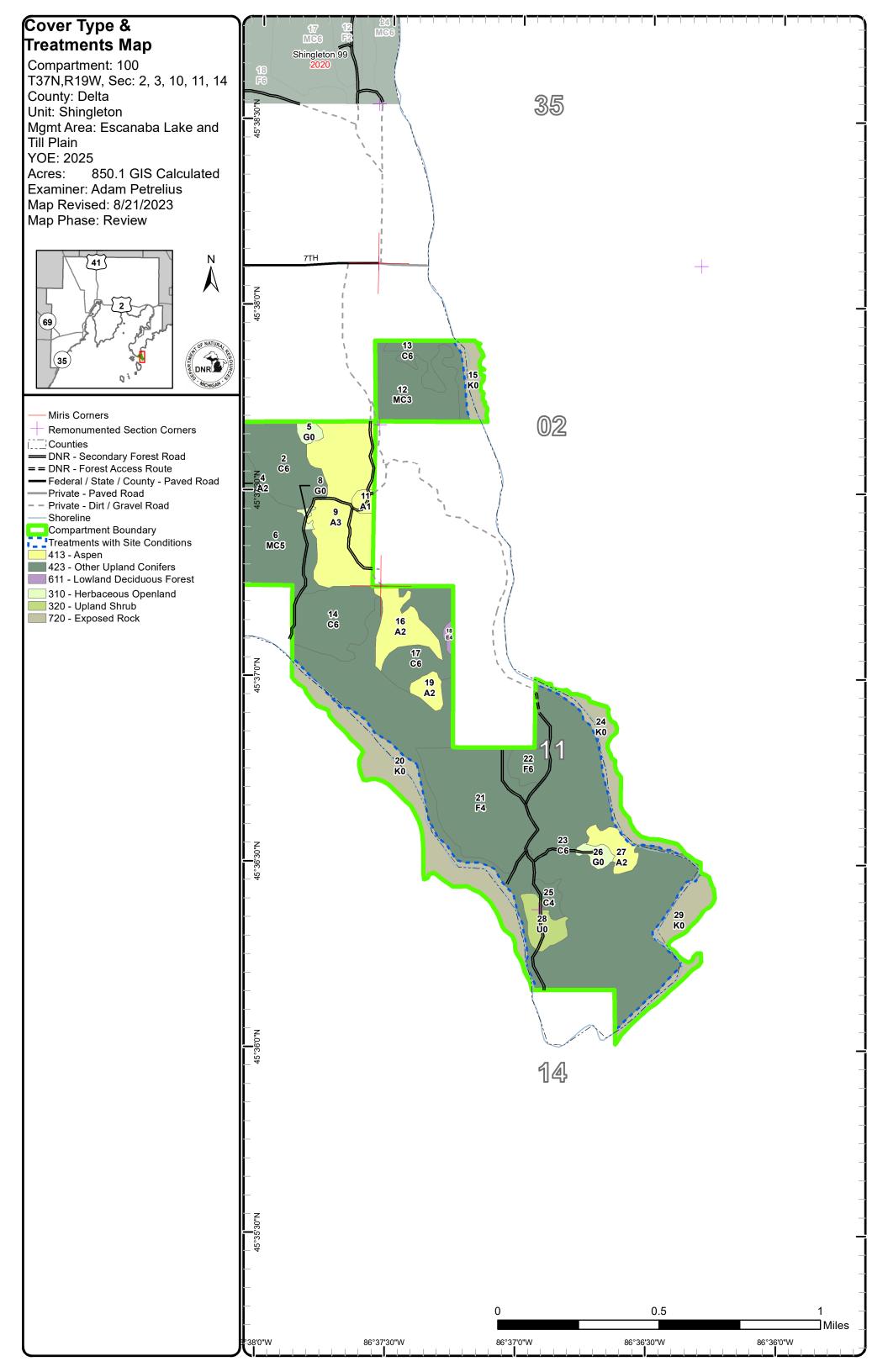
Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class
Cover Type by Harvest Method
Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors
Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors
Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)
Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas
Site Condition Details

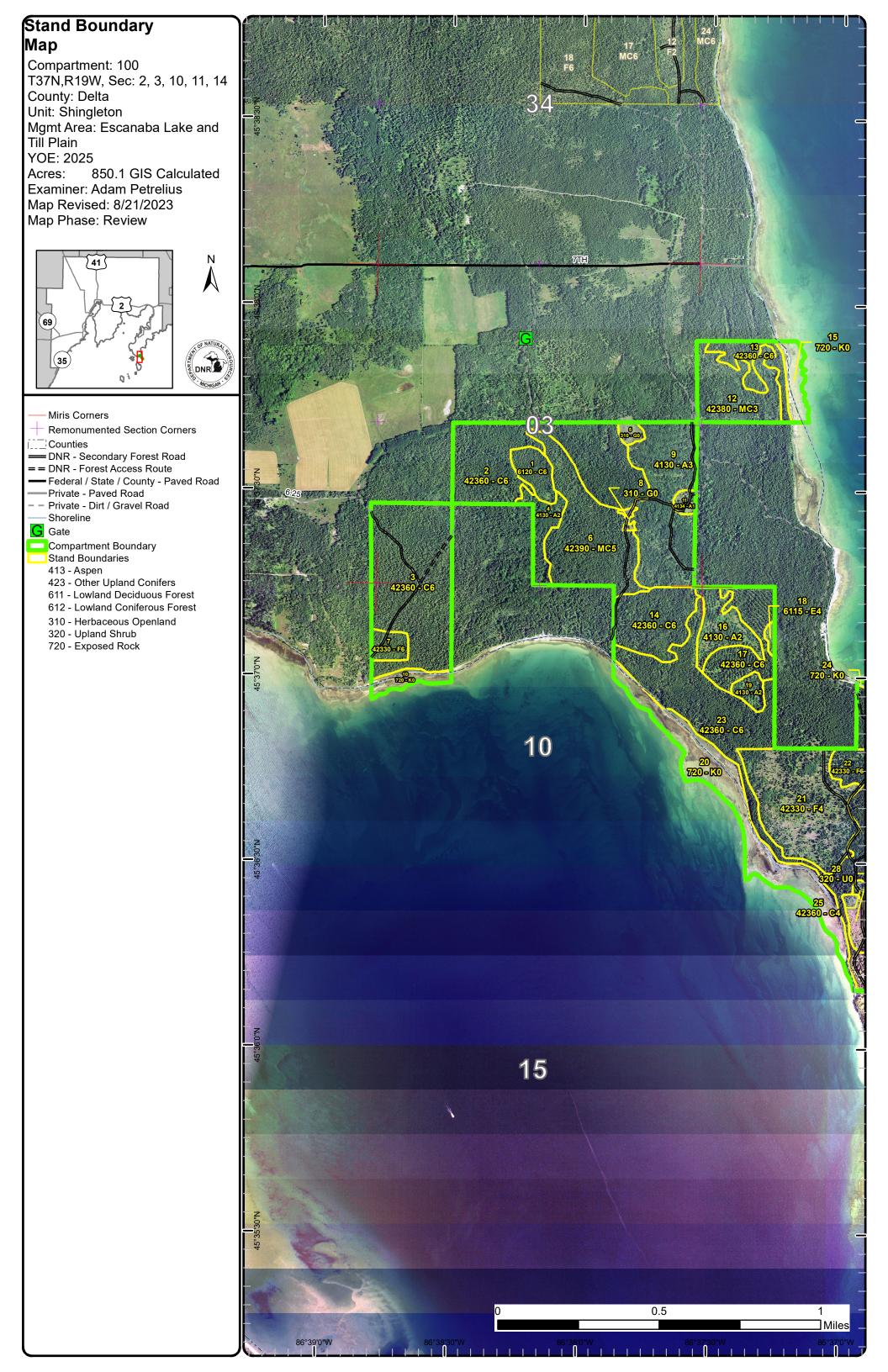
The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps:

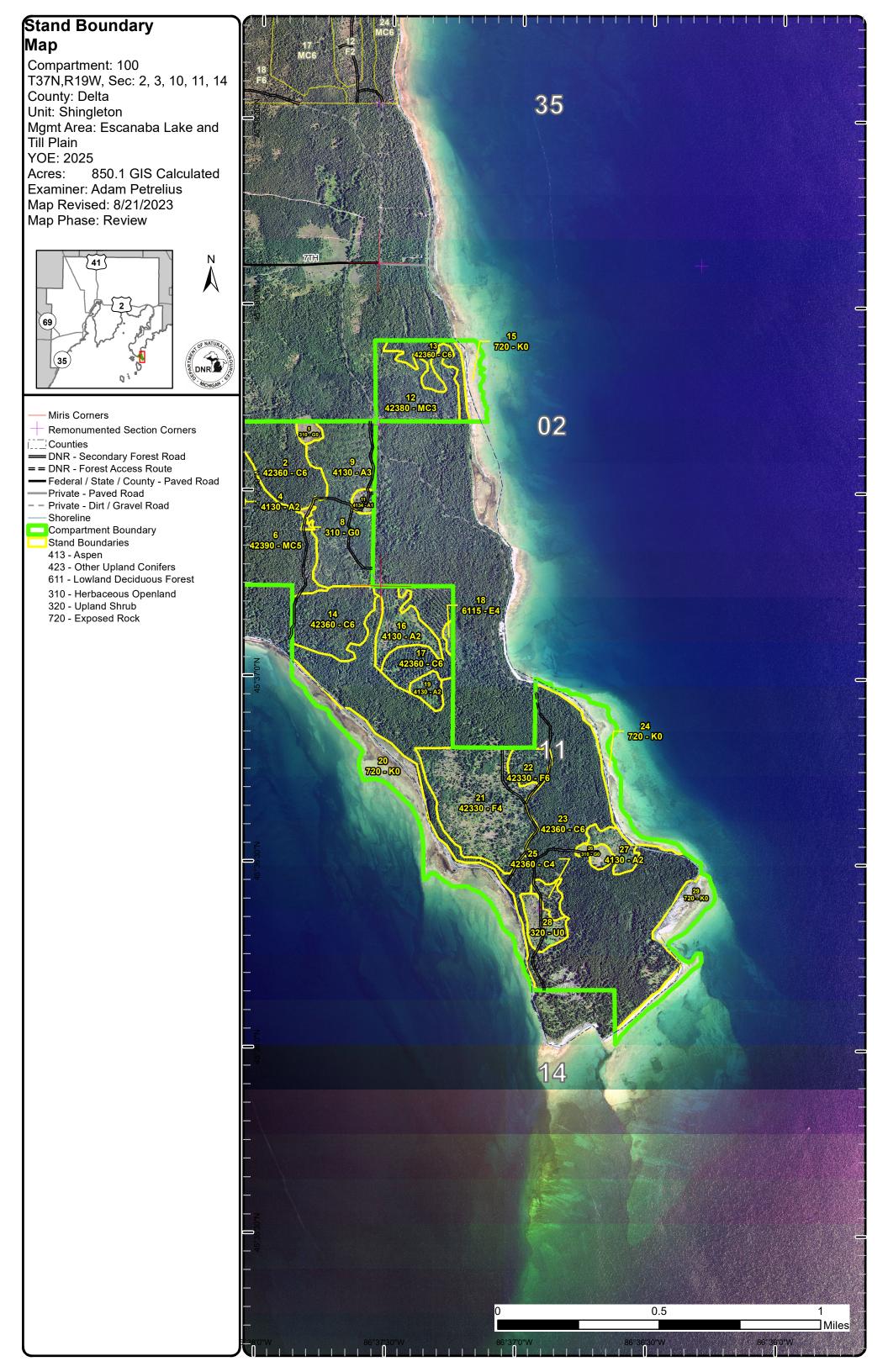
Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers Proposed treatments
Site condition boundaries
Details on the road access system

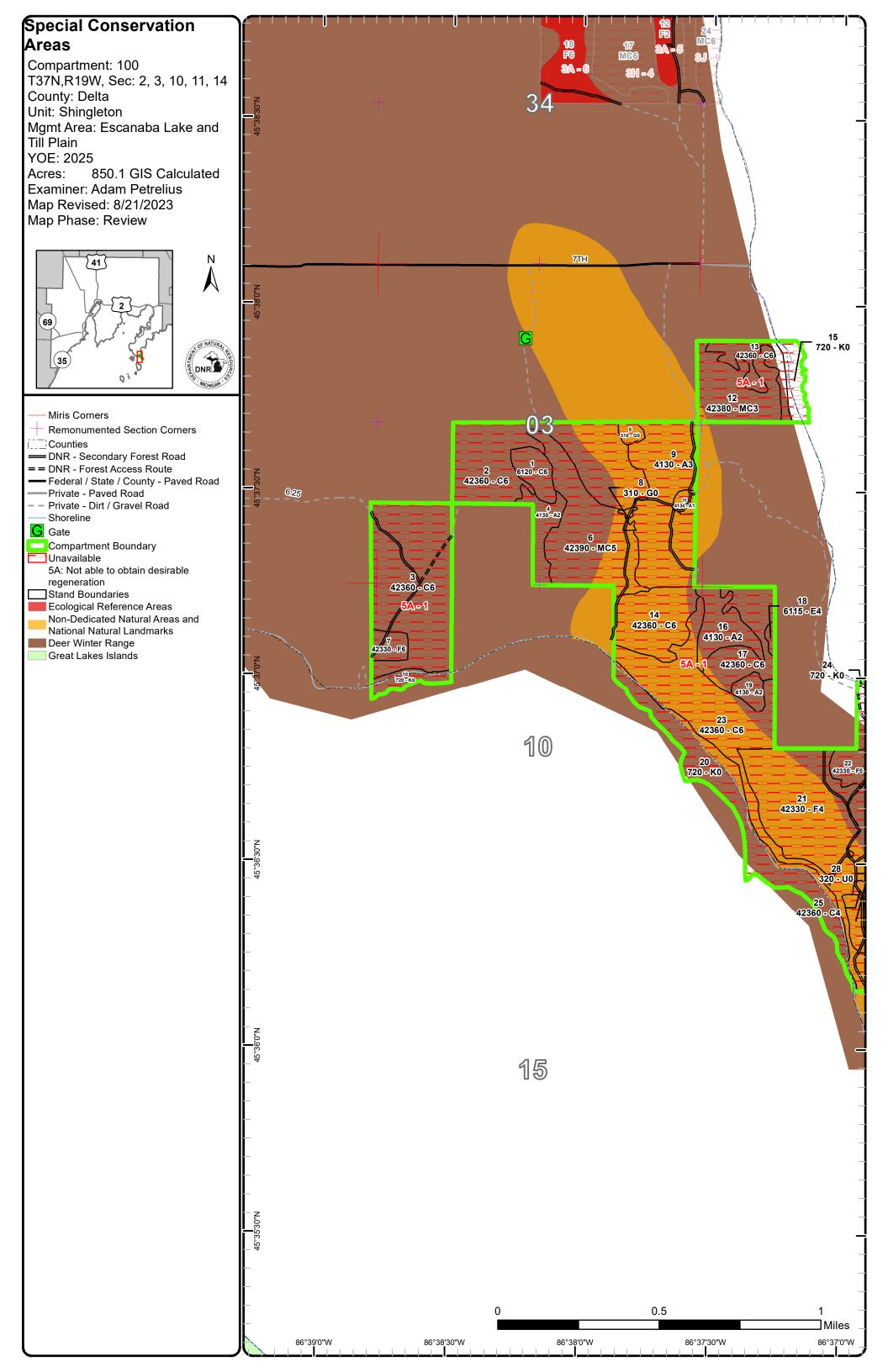


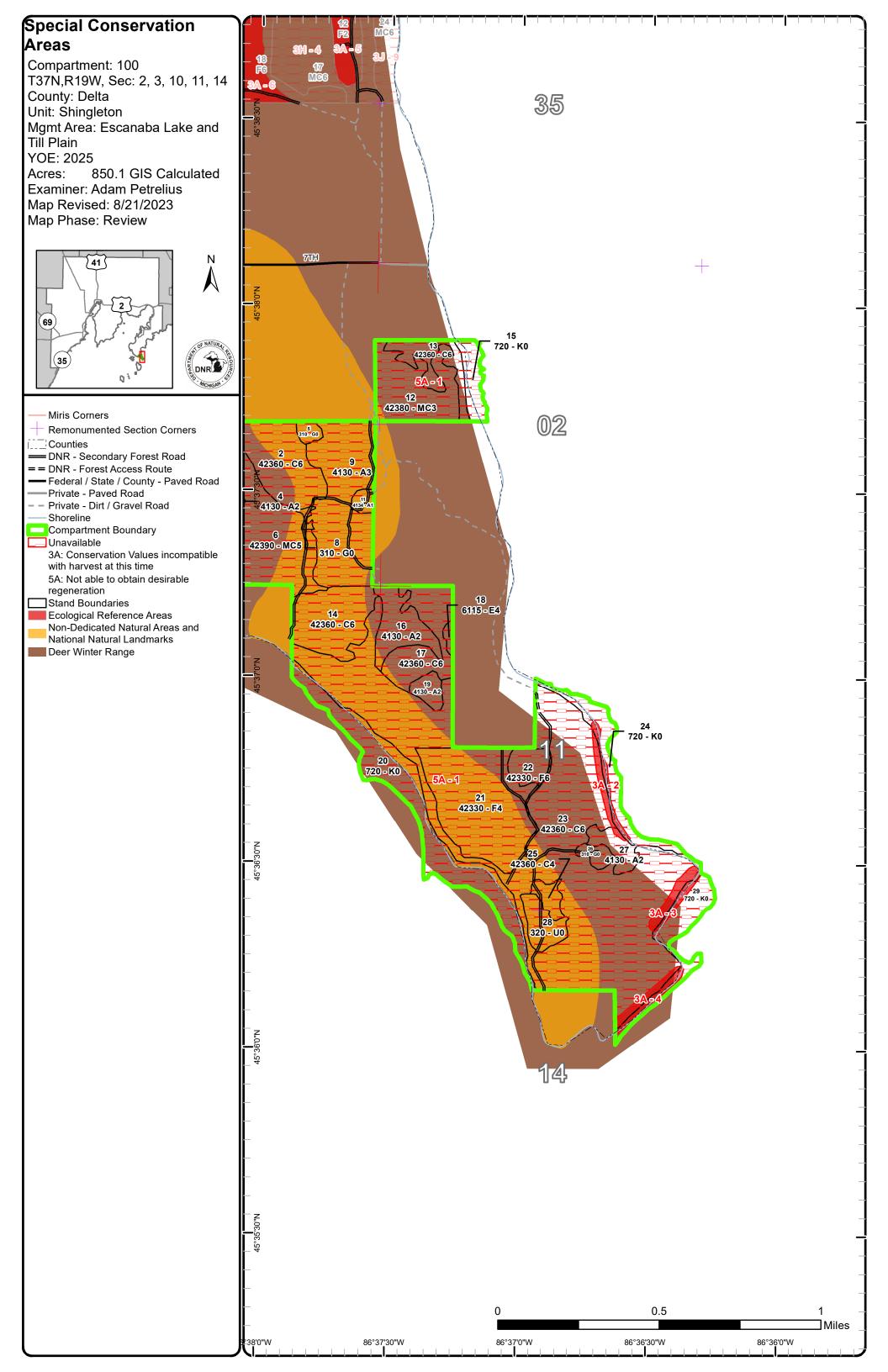












Compartment 100 Year of Entry 2025

Shingleton Mgt. Unit
Adam Petrelius : Examiner



Age Class

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Aspen	0	<u> </u>	0	34	67	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	/ <u>`</u>	0	0	101
Cedar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	77	0	73	13	25	266	0	0	0	463
Exposed Rock	107	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	107
Herbaceous Openland	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Lowland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84
Upland Shrub	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Upland Spruce/Fir	0	0	0	0	69	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76
Total	125	0	0	34	136	39	0	0	12	130	0	73	13	25	266	0	0	0	851



Report 2 – Treatment Summary

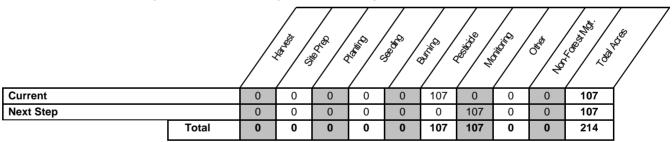
Shingleton Mgt. Unit Year of Entry: 2025

Acres of Harvest

Compartment 100 Total Compartment Acres: 850

Commercial Harvest Harvests with Site Condition - 0
Next Step Harvest - 0
Habitat Cut - 0

Proposed and Next Step Treatments by Method



Shingleton Mgt. Unit Report 3 -- Treatments Compartment: 100 s Year of Entry: 2025 t а **Cover Type Treatment** Acres Stand Size Stand BA **Treatment Treatment** Age Habitat n Method Objective Structure Name CoverType Density Age Range Type Cut d

Proposed Treatments:

41100020-107.2 720 - Exposed Rock Nonstocked Pesticide Other - Specify 720 - Exposed No Spray Rock <u>Prescription</u> Phragmites treatment. Specs: Next Step Monitoring, Herbicide Use Treatments: Acceptable Regen: **Other** Comment: Site Condition Cannot Regenerate Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2024

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed: 107.2

Shingleton Mgt. Unit

Adam Petrelius : Examiner

Availa	ability for	Managemer	nt				
Total	Acres	Acres Avail	Acres		Domina	nt Site	Conditions
Acres	Available	With Condition	Not Available		3A	5A	
101	0	0	101	Aspen	0	100	
463	0	0	463	Cedar	11	452	
107	0	0	107	Exposed Rock	8	99	
8	0	0	8	Herbaceous Openland		8	
2	0	0	2	Lowland Deciduous		2	
84	0	0	84	Upland Conifers		84	
10	0	0	10	Upland Shrub		10	
77	0	0	77	Upland Spruce/Fir		77	
850	0		850	Total Forested Acres	19	831	
-	0%		100%	Relative Percent		•	-

^{*}Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

Site No.	Dominant Site Cond Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
1	Unavailable	5A: Not able to obtain desirable regeneration	831	3H: Deer Wintering Area - habitat is incompatible with harvest at this time	3B: Threatened, endangered, and special concern species	Unspecified	Unspecified
ŀ		rations during winter months. ur non-dedicated natural area	1.				
			••				
2	Unavailable	3A: Conservation Values incompatible with harvest at this time	7	3H: Deer Wintering Area - habitat is incompatible with harvest at this time	3B: Threatened, endangered, and special concern species	Unspecified	Unspecified

Report 4 - Site Conditions

Shingleton Mgt. Unit

Heavy deer concentrations during winter months.

Adam Petrelius: Examiner

Compartment: 100

Year of Entry: 2025

3 3H: Deer Wintering 3B: Threatened, Unspecified Unspecified Unavailable **3A: Conservation Values** 6 Area - habitat is endangered, and special incompatible with harvest incompatible with concern species at this time harvest at this time Comments: Limestone bedrock lakeshore ERA Heavy deer concentrations during winter months. 4 6 3H: Deer Wintering Unspecified Unspecified Unspecified Unavailable 3A: Conservation Values Area - habitat is incompatible with harvest incompatible with at this time harvest at this time Comments: Limestone Bedrock lakeshore ERA

8/21/2023 8:31:58 AM - Page 2 of 2 DUERRG

Mgt. Unit

Compartment: #Type! Year of Entry:



Report 5 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation	Acres
Comments				

Shingleton Mgt. Unit Comp.





Report 6 – EXISTING SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of SCA's for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to the Special Conservation Area Map for locations of the below listed Conservation Areas.

Conservation	on Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
SCA	Habitat Area	An area that provide some specific need for the life cycle of wildle and Waterfowl Production Areas, deer wintering complexes in loopenings and savannas. Habitat areas are distinct from critical hendangered or threatened species (such as Kirtland's warbler or general in nature, are not primarily associated with threatened or covered by species recovery plans that are developed in cooperations.	wland conifer communities, grassland abitat designated for recovery of piping plover areas) in that they are more rendangered species, and are not
SCA	Non-Dedicated Natural Areas and National Natural Landmarks	This category is comprised of those Natural, Wilderness and Wil proposed for legal dedication, but for which legal dedication by le nomination process is defined by Part 351, Wilderness and Natu Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451. The program is adm require the submittal of a Natural Areas Nomination Packet to the proposed sites in various stages of review. Final dedication of no Areas is accomplished through legislative action.	egislature has not occurred. The iral Areas, of the Natural Resources and ninistered by the DNR. Nominations e DNR. This is an active program, with
HCVA	Legally dedicated Natural Areas, Wilderness or Wild Areas	The nomination process is defined by Part 351, Wilderness and and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451. The program is require the submittal of a Natural Areas Nomination Packet to the proposed sites in various stages of review. Final dedication of no Areas is accomplished through legislative action.	administered by the DNR. Nominations e DNR. This is an active program, with
ERA	Ecological Reference Areas	Ecological Reference Areas (ERAs) are high quality examples of identified as Element Occurrences (EOs) by the Michigan Natura context of their natural community classification system. Element (Excellent) or B (Good) and a Global (G) or State (S) element (rathreatened (2), or rare (3) serve as an initial base of ERAs. They the State. The system is comprised of individual or associations managed for restoration and maintenance of natural ecological public recommendations for lands as ERAs using the DNR Constitution.	al Features Inventory (MNFI) within the t Occurrences with viability ranks of A writy) ranking of endangered (1), a may be located upon any ownership in of natural community types that are processes and values. The public may

Report 7 - Stands



Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type	s	Size De	ensity	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	ite	General Comments
1	6120 - Lov	vland Ceda	ar Po	oletimb	er Well	9.7	70	111-140	N/A		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	
Nortl	nern White Cedar	70	Pole	8	70	Ва	lsam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	Black Ash	30	Pole/Sapling	5		Bl	ack Ash	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
2	42360 - Սր	oland Ceda	ar Po	oletimb	er Well	68.0	100	111-140	N/A		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Balsam Fir	20	Pole/Sapling	6		Ва	llsam Fir	High	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
	Paper Birch	10	Pole	7							_
В	igtooth Aspen	10	Pole/Log	10							
Nortl	nern White Cedar	60	Pole/Sapling	8	100						
3	42360 - Սր	oland Ceda	ar Po	oletimb	er Well	77.0	84	111-140	N/A		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Paper Birch	5	Pole/Sapling	6		Northerr	n White Cedar	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
Nortl	nern White Cedar	80	Pole	9	84	Ва	lsam Fir	High	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	Balsam Fir	5	Pole/Sapling	6							
	Black Spruce	5	Pole	8							
В	igtooth Aspen	5	Pole	7							
4	4130 -	- Aspen	Sa	apling I	Medium	11.8	23	1-50	N/A		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age						
В	igtooth Aspen	90	Sapling/Pole	4	23						
Nortl	nern White Cedar	10	Pole	8							
5	310 - Herbace	eous Open	land	Nonsto	ocked	2.8	(Unspecified	No		
6 4	12390 - Mixed Non-	Pine Uplar	d Conifers Pole	etimbe	r Mediur	n 52.7	80	51-80	N/A		hard to distinguish between canopy and subcanopy. Most of the matur
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	fir are dying and being replaced with more fir.
	Balsam Fir	55	Pole	8	80		Isam Fir	High	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
В	igtooth Aspen	10	Pole/Log	9				9		9	
	nern White Cedar	35	Pole	8							
7	42330 - 1	Upland Fir	Po	oletimb	er Well	6.5	32	1-50	N/A		
(Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBF	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	s Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Balsam Fir	60	Pole/Sapling	5	32	Ва	lsam Fir	High	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	nern White Cedar	10	Pole/Sapling	5				'		•	-
Nortl											
	igtooth Aspen	30	Sapling/Pole	4							

Report 7 - Stands



Stand	d Level 4 C	over Type	!	Size Der	nsity	Acres	Stand Age E	A Range	Managed S	ite	General Comments
9	4130	- Aspen		Sapling	Well	55.8	33	1-50	N/A		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Quaking Aspen	95	Pole/Sapling		33		sam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	Balsam Fir	5	Sapling	3						, 0	
10	720 - Ex	oosed Rock		Nonsto	cked	7.3			No		
11	4134 - Asp	en, Spruce/	Fir	Sapling	Poor	2.9	33	1-50	N/A		When harvested, this area had mostly cedar and is now mostly stumps
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Δαe						and grass.
	Balsam Fir	20	Sapling/Pole		Age						
	Black Cherry	10	Sapling/Pole								
	Quaking Aspen	70	Sapling/Pole		33						
12	42380 - Non Pine U	Jpland Coni	fer, Mixed	Sapling		31.0	41	51-80	N/A		Stand is aspen and fir regen with grass pockets filled with cedar stumps. Zero cedar regeneration.
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Quaking Aspen	40	Pole/Sapling				sam Fir	High	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	10	Pole	8						, ,	
	Balsam Fir	50	Pole/Sapling	5	41						
13	42360 - U	pland Ceda	ır F	oletimbe	er Well	13.0	112	111-140	N/A		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole	5		Bals	sam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	90	Pole	7	112	Northern	White Cedar	High	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
14		pland Ceda	ır F	oletimbe		29.7		111-140	N/A		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age	Sub-Can	opy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Paper Birch	15	Pole/Log	9		Bals	sam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	65	Pole	8	130						
	Red Maple	10	Log	14							
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole	8							
15	720 - Ex	oosed Rock		Nonsto	cked	9.3			No		
16	4130	- Aspen	S	Sapling M	ledium	17.0	22	1-50	N/A		stand cut in winter 2000
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	Age						
No	orthern White Cedar	10	Pole	9							
	Bigtooth Aspen	90	Sapling/Pole	4	22						

Report 7 - Stands



Stand	Level 4 Co	over Type	s	ize De	ensity	Acres	Stand Age E	A Range	Managed S	ite	General Comments
17	42360 - Սլ	pland Ceda	ar Po	oletimb	er Well	24.5	120	81-110	N/A		All other species were cut out of this stand.
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
North	ern White Cedar	100	Pole	9	120	Ва	Isam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
						Asp	en (spp.)	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
18	6115 - Lo	owland Ash	Po	oletimb	er Poor	1.5	70	1-50	N/A		alot of trees are dying due to water stress.
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age						
	Black Ash	100	Pole/Sapling	7	70						
19	4130	- Aspen	Sa	apling	Medium	5.2	22	1-50	N/A		stand was cut through in 2000, and all cedar was left.
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age						
North	ern White Cedar	10	Pole	9							
Biç	gtooth Aspen	90	Sapling	3	22						
20	720 - Exp	osed Rock		Nonst	ocked	52.4			No		
21	42330 -	Upland Fir	Po	oletimb	er Poor	61.7	39	1-50	N/A		Stand was cut in 1983 and at the time it was a very nice cedar/fir stand. deer destroyed all regen. Areas that previously had cedar are now grass
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	and stumps.
	Balsam Fir	60	Pole/Sapling	5	39	Ва	Isam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	Red Maple	10	Pole/Sapling	5							
	gtooth Aspen	10	Pole/Sapling	5							
North	ern White Cedar	20	Pole	8							
22	42330 -	Upland Fir	Po	oletimb	er Well	8.4	40	1-50	N/A		
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
North	ern White Cedar	20	Pole	7		Ва	lsam Fir	High	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
	Balsam Fir	80	Pole/Sapling	5	40						_
23	42360 - Սլ	pland Ceda	ar Po	oletimb	er Well	236.4	134	111-140	N/A		
C	anopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	l Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Species	Density	Avg. Height	Size	
F	Paper Birch	5	Pole	5		Ва	Isam Fir	High	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
Qı	uaking Aspen	5	Pole	8				<u> </u>			
	Balsam Fir	10	Pole/Sapling	7							
North	ern White Cedar	80	Pole/Log	9	134						
24	720 - Exp	osed Rock		Nonst	ocked	18.5			No		

Shingleton Mgt. Unit

Report 7 - Stands



Stand	d Level 4 C	over Type		Size De	ensity	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	Managed S	ite	General Comments
25	42360 - U	pland Ceda	ır F	Poletimb	er Poor	4.8	100	Unspecified	N/A		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	H Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Speci	ies Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Balsam Fir	30	Pole	5		Quak	ing Aspen	Medium	10 - 20 feet	Sapling	
No	orthern White Cedar	70	Pole	8	100	Ва	lsam Fir	Medium	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
26	310 - Herbac	eous Openi	land	Nonst	ocked	3.7		Unspecified	No		Stand is a grass field with cedar stumps. Zero cedar regeneration, and regeneration of other species either.
27	4130	- Aspen	5	Sapling	Medium	7.8	32	1-50	N/A		
	Canopy Species	% Cover	Size Class	DBH	H Age	Sub-Ca	nopy Speci	ies Density	Avg. Height	Size	
	Balsam Fir	10	Sapling	3		Ва	lsam Fir	Low	5 - 10 feet	Sapling	
	Quaking Aspen	90	Pole/Sapling	5	32						
28	320 - Up	land Shrub		Nonst	ocked	9.6		Unspecified	No		
29	720 - Exp	osed Rock		Nonst	ocked	19.7			No		