

Compartment Review Presentation

Traverse City Forest Management Unit

Compartment 61122
Entry Year 2020
Acreage: 1,694
County Kalkaska

Management Area: Grayling Outwash

Revision Date: 2018-04-16

Stand Examiner: Kelly Standerfer

Legal Description:

T26N R5W Sections 8, 17, and 20

Identified Planning Goals:

Management in the Grayling Outwash management area will emphasize balancing the age class of aspen on suitable sites and thinning the northern hardwoods, balancing age classes of red pine and jack pine, and regenerating aging swamp hardwood and conifer resources, where possible. Management will strive to sustainably produce various timber products, enhance game and non-game wildlife habitat, protect areas of unique character, and provide for forest-based recreational uses. Management activities are constrained by poor access in the swampy (16% lowland) portions of this area, some of which fall in the riparian zone of the Manistee River, a dedicated natural river. Expected challenges within this 10-year planning period are increased recreational pressure, introduced pests and diseases and the difficulty in regenerating swamp types.

Historically fires were very frequent in this management area and were important in determining species composition. Jack pine and northern pin oak dominated the outwash, while vegetation varied on the ridges – some dominated by northern hardwoods and others dominated by red oak, hemlock and white pine. Currently areas of aspen, red pine and upland hardwoods with isolated pockets of lowland types cover the majority of the state forest land. In the past, a number of harvests and plantings were done in a checkerboard pattern, now there is interest in consolidating types and reducing cover type fragmentation.

Soil and topography:

Much of the topography in this management area was sculpted by melting glaciers that dissected some of the ice contact ridges into steep ridges with flat sandy outwash plains between. Topography ranges from flood plain lowlands to rolling hills.

Ownership Patterns, Development, and Land Use in and Around the Compartment:

This compartment is a large block of state ownership with 40 acres of private land in Section 20. The Black River Conservation Association (a large block of private ownership which is managed for similar uses) borders the compartment to the north.

Unique Natural Features:

A large cedar swamp known as the Black Creek deer yard comprises much of Section 20.

Archeological, Historical, and Cultural Features:

Several old railroad grades can be found in Section 8.

Special Management Designations or Considerations:

All state lands in Sections 8 and 17 are leased to Camp Grayling for military training.

Watershed and Fisheries Considerations:

Black Creek is a tributary to the Manistee River and a Designated Trout Stream. It is protected by the Manistee River Natural Rivers Act. Black Creek has been severely degraded by beavers in recent years, to the detriment of the brook trout populations that used to inhabit the stream. Aspen cuts along the creek should maintain a larger buffer to discourage aspen regeneration and beaver colonization along the stream. Hopefully it will recover over time.

Wildlife Habitat Considerations:

This compartment lies within the Grayling Outwash Management Area (MA) of State Forest land and includes three types of glacial formations. Featured species associated with the communities in this MA include Eastern massasauga rattlesnake, pileated woodpecker, ruffed grouse, snowshoe hare, turkey, and deer. A large area of outwash plain consisting of poorly drained organic soils can be found along Black Creek and most of section 20 at the southern end of the compartment. These wet soils support lowland conifers (Black Creek Deer Yard) and lowland shrub communities.

The center section of the compartment is mostly an outwash plain, consisting of excessively drained sands, which currently supports aspen and upland brush communities. Fire was a major disturbance on these dry soils and should be considered a valuable treatment tool in perpetuating these fire dependent ecosystems. These upland brush stands have been prescribed for burning to set back woody encroachment and stimulate native herbaceous vegetation. These stands have been part of a larger burn complex for decades and should continue to be burned on a rotational basis. The burn units in this compartment have not been burned in a while and should have a commercial timber harvest designed to promote savanna type community. Burning would then recommence post-harvest. The large burn unit to the east is mainly grasses, forbs, and shrubs, with very few trees. It would be advantageous to manage stands 43, 64, and 38 to more mature trees, and a mixture open grass/shrublands and closed canopy forest. Barrens/grasslands naturally existed on a gradient between closed canopy forest and treeless grasslands, depending on climate and natural disturbances. Retaining mature deciduous and coniferous trees in these stands in compartment 122 will provide a greater diversity of habitat components that will more closely resemble the natural disturbance patterns of this landscape. Based on the natural disturbance history of the land type associations within the Benzie Outwash MA, the MA plan calls for managing the amount of open/semi-open lands at or above the current level to provide habitat for species which use openings.

Aspen harvests should be designed to mimic wildfires of various intensities. This creates a mosaic of age classes and increases structural diversity within an area. Harvest operations should be utilized to create some (approximately 1-2 trees per acre) coarse woody debris (CWD), preferably via timber sale specs. This provides essential habitat for various wildlife species. CWD trees should be log sized or bigger, the more decay resistant the tree species should be utilized and cut approximately at breast height (4.5 feet). The log should be left within 3 feet of the stump. Standing dead timber should be left during harvest operations unless deemed a safety hazard.

The hilly region in the north of this compartment is underlain by steep, broken ice contact ridges. The sandy soils found on these ridges have moderately low fertility and low available moisture. Aspen and oak communities dominate here and support a variety of wildlife. Treatments should be designed to retain oak as a component on the landscape.

Mineral Resource and Development Concerns and/or Restrictions

Surface sediments consist of ice-contact and glacial outwash sand and gravel and postglacial alluvium. The glacial drift thickness varies between 200 and 400 feet. Beneath the glacial drift are the Mississippian Marshall Sandstone and Coldwater Shale. The Marshall was previously used as a building stone. Gravel pits are not located in the area, but there is potential in Section 8. This area is located six miles southeast of the Niagaran reef trend. There are currently no leases in the compartment. Sand/gravel pits are not located in the area. Most of the compartment is covered by wetlands, but there may be some sand & gravel potential in the east half of Section 8. There is no known oil & gas potential here. There have been a number of dry wells drilled in the area, all testing Devonian formations. There has been recent mineral leasing activity in this area by Marathon, who was prospecting the northern Lower Peninsula for the Richfield Zone of the Lucas Formation. Marathon did not drill any wells in this area. Although they do have some remaining active leases in the area, Marathon have been in the process of releasing their existing leases. There is no known metallic mineral potential in this part of the state.

Vehicle Access:

There is sufficient vehicular access to the compartment.

Survey Needs:

No survey needs, at this time.

Recreational Facilities and Opportunities:

Popular recreation activities within the compartment are hunting, fishing, trapping, snowmobiling and ORV riding. The Designated Kalkaska ORV Route and Trail cut through the center of the compartment near Riverview Road to navigate over Black Creek, a designated trout stream. The stream has been degraded by beavers increasing trapping interests. The large cedar swamp complex in the southern half of the compartment attracts deer and hunters.

Fire Protection:

DNR fire protection would be provided by the Kalkaska Field Office with VFD response from the Bear Lake Fire Department. Section 20 is part of Zone 5, with additional response from Grayling, Houghton Lake and Manton, but most of this section is swamp so covertypes would not typically lead to catastrophic fires.

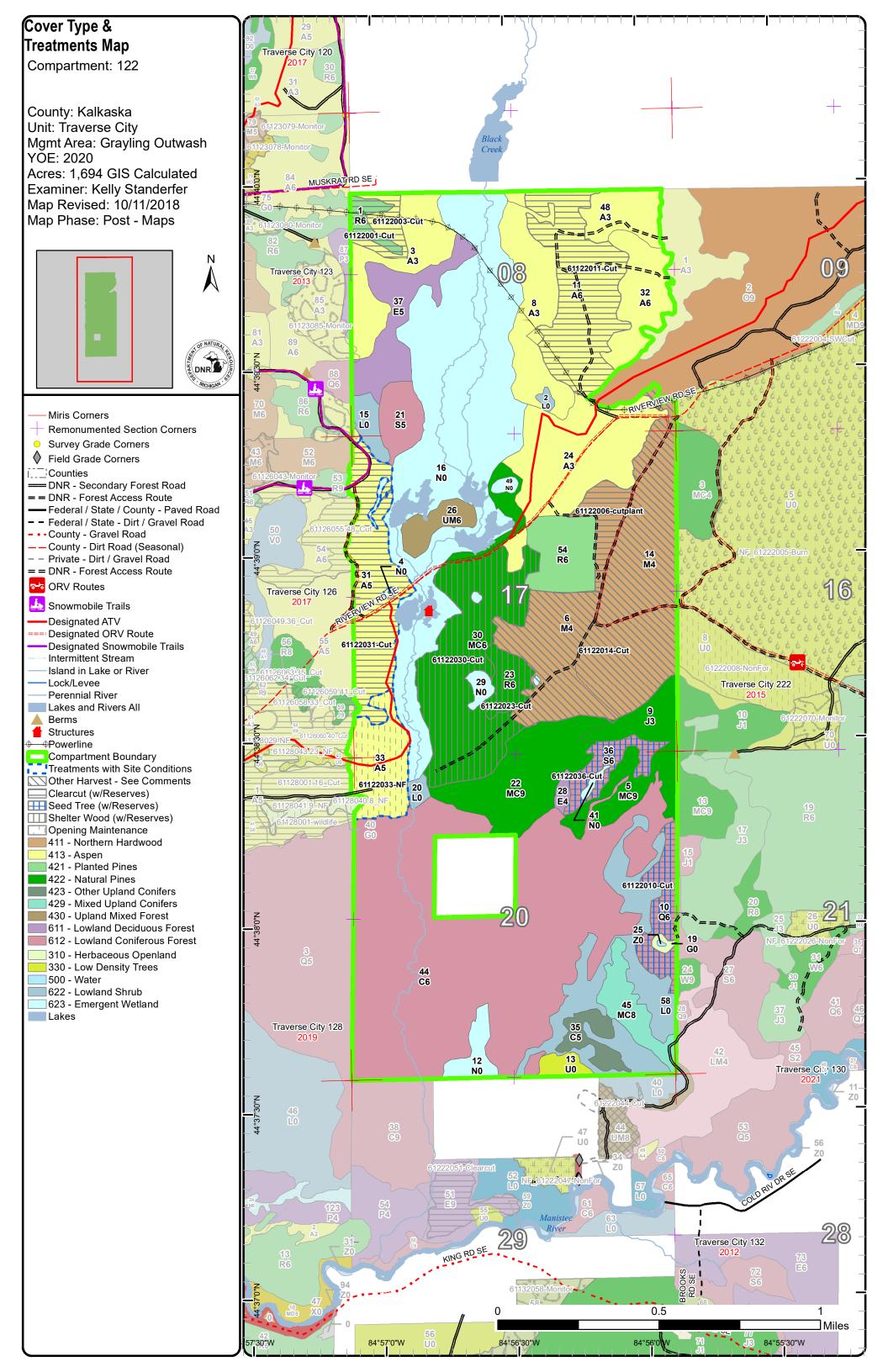
Additional Compartment Information:

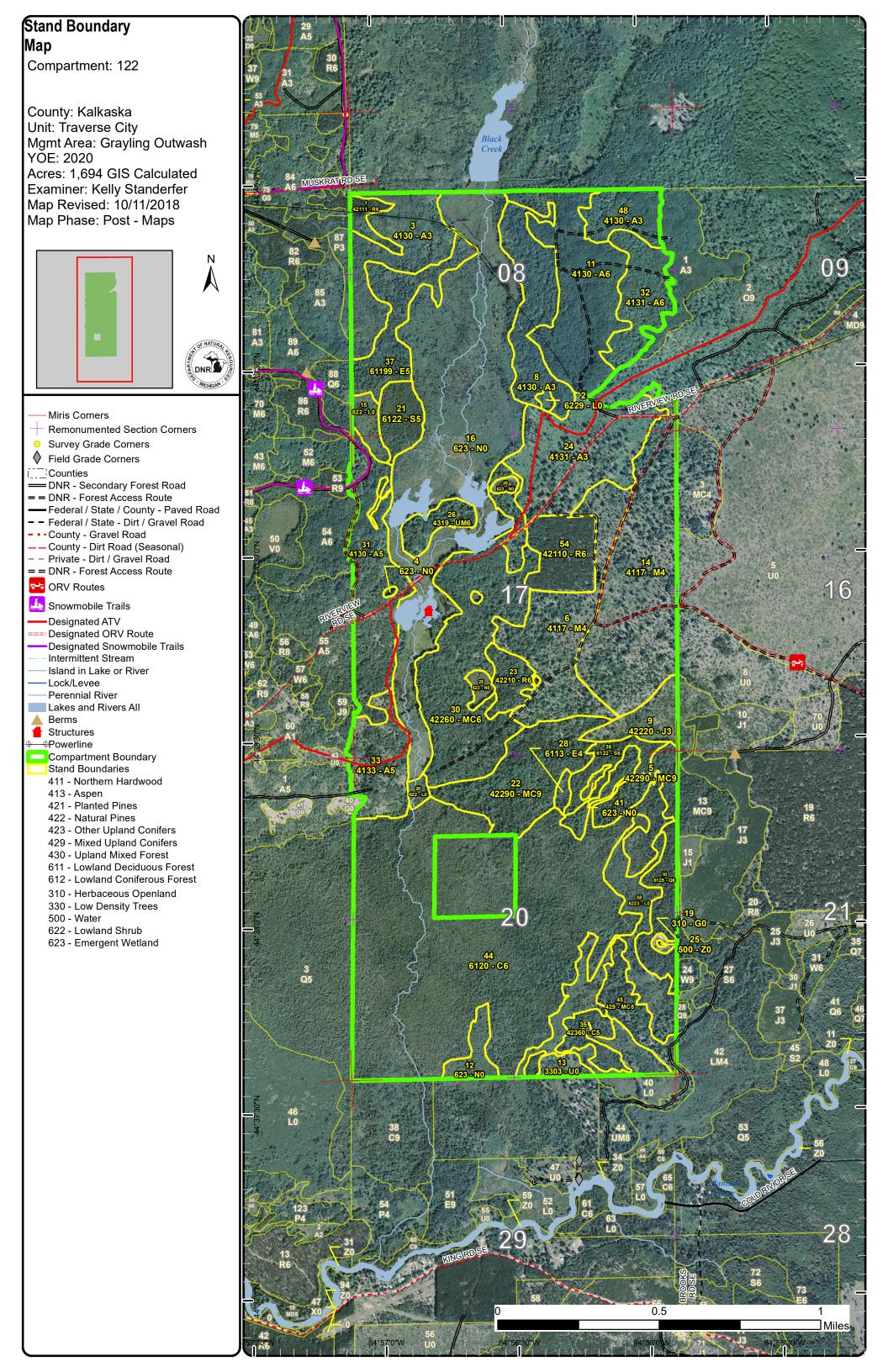
The following reports from the Inventory are attached:

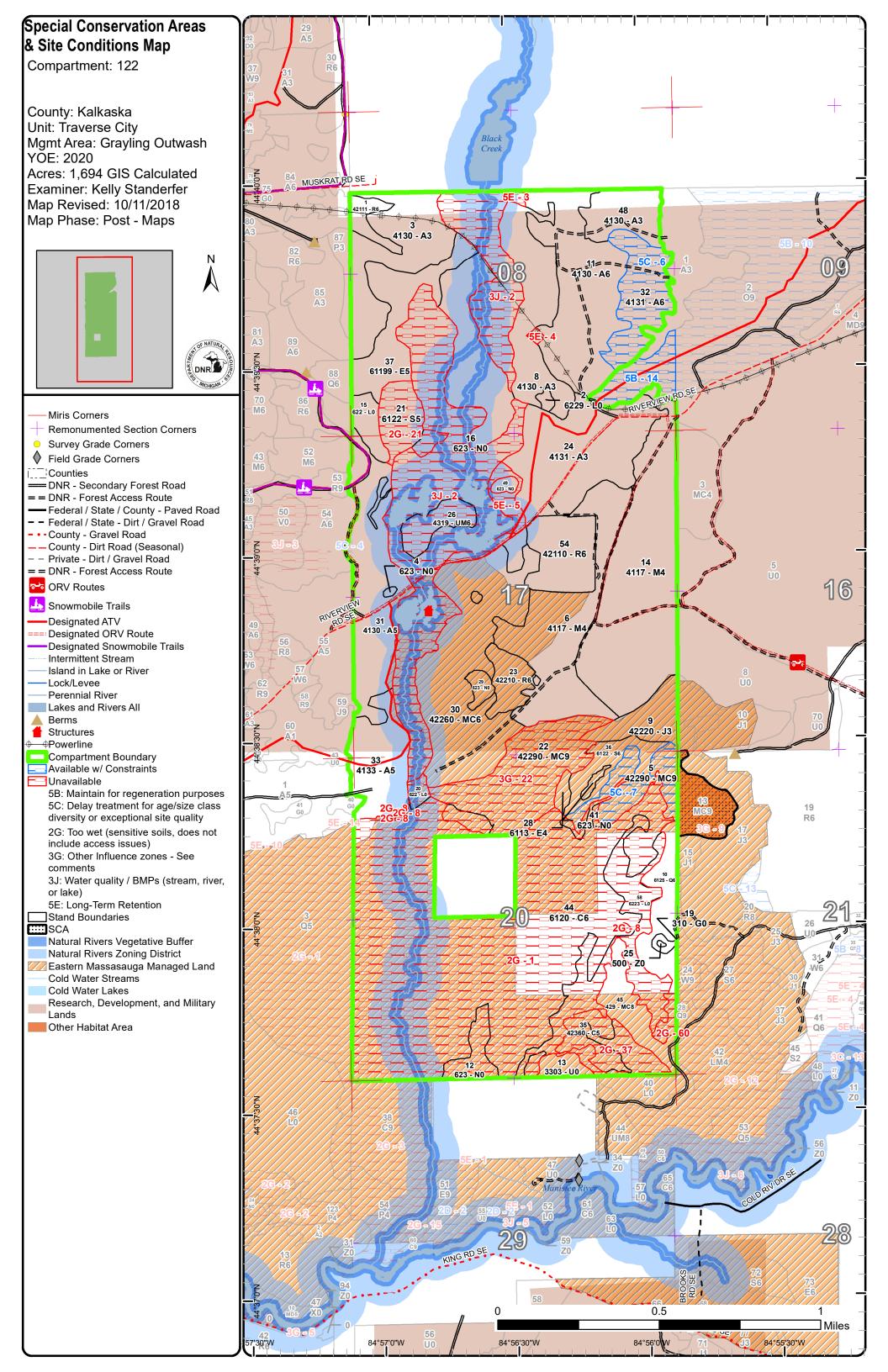
Total Acres by Cover Type and Age Class
Cover Type by Harvest Method
Proposed Treatments – No Limiting Factors
Proposed Treatments – With Limiting Factors
Stand Details (Forested and Nonforested)
Dedicated and Proposed Special Conservation Areas
Site Condition Details

The following information is displayed, where pertinent, on the attached compartment maps: Base feature information, stand boundaries, cover types, and numbers

Proposed treatments
Site condition boundaries
Details on the road access system







Traverse City Mgt. Unit

Compartment 122 Year of Entry 2020

Kelly Standerfer: Examiner



Age Class

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Aspen	0	79	<u> </u>	47	73	113	101	0	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>			0	0	/ <u>`</u>	<u>/</u>	0	412
Cedar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	340	0	0	0	0	0	0	353
Herbaceous Openland	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Jack Pine	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Low-Density Trees	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Lowland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23
Lowland Deciduous	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	40
Lowland Shrub	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	79
Lowland Spruce/Fir	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33
Marsh	257	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	256
Natural Mixed Pines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	0	0	0	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	196
Northern Hardwood	0	0	0	0	0	190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	190
Red Pine	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50
Upland Conifers	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21
Upland Mixed Forest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Water	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	344	79	0	66	76	303	138	123	60	34	46	426	0	0	0	0	0	0	1693



Report 2 - Treatment Summary

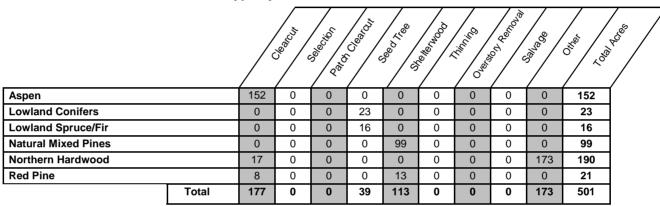
Traverse City Mgt. Unit Year of Entry: 2020

Acres of Harvest

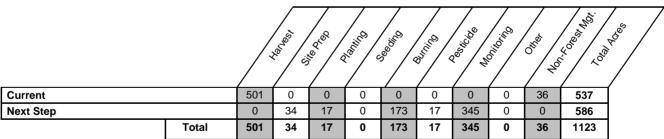
Compartment 122
Total Compartment Acres: 1,694

Commercial Harvest - 436 Harvests with Site Condition - 64 Next Step Harvest - 0 Habitat Cut - 0

Cover Type by Harvest Method



Proposed and Next Step Treatments by Method



Compartment: 122

Year of Entry: 2020

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Treatment Acres Stand Size Stand BA **Treatment Treatment Cover Type Approval** Age n Method Objective Status Name CoverType Density Age Range Type Structure d 42111 - Planted 1 61122001-Cut 7.8 Poletimber 52 141-Harvest Clearcut 4139 - Aspen, Even-Aged Approved Red Pine, Mixed Well 170 Mixed Proposal Deciduous Deciduous

Habitat Cut: No Site Condition:

Prescription final harvest, lots of porcupine damage. converting this stand to aspen, mixed deciduous mixed conifer as the stem quality if very poor in much of it. maybe save fir under 4" or 6" dbh and make some brush piles for snowshoe and grouse... Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable mixed aspen, deciduous and conifer... most should push to aspen but some will be maple, oak and conifer as well.

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

61122003-Cut 11 1 4130 - Aspen Sapling 30 51-80 Harvest Clearcut 413 - Aspen Even-Aged Approved Well Proposal

Habitat Cut: No Site Condition:

Prescription smaller diamter stuff. cutting a portion of this stand to push the aspen into the adjacent pine area. should regenerate nicely. Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable aspen, mixed deciduous and mixed conifer.

Regen:

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

61122006-16.9 4117 - Mixed N. Poletimber 45 1-50 Harvest Clearcut 4211 - Planted 6 Even-Aged Approved Hardwood - Pine Red Pine Proposal cutplant Poor

Habitat Cut: No Site Condition:

Prescription site will need to be chip harvested, retention is in the stand to the east as this stand was just an arbitrary line to divide the red pine mgmt goal and moxed wildlife openings to the east. will likely need to herbiced site to control competition, trench and plant red pine. if site is not clean Specs:

enough during timber sale roller chopping is also an option if needed.

SitePrep, Roller Chopping; Pesticide, Aerial; SitePrep, Trenching; Planting, Initial Plant; Monitoring, Artificial Regen(1yr); Monitoring, Next Step

Treatments: Artificial Regen(3yr)

Acceptable red pine with some mixed deciduous and mixed conifer but a free to grow red pine stand is the goal here.

Regen:

Other dropped bulk of this treatment as requested by wildlife as they would like to maintain large open grassy stands in this landscape.

Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2018

23.2 61122010-Cut 6125 - Lowland Poletimber 74 81-110 Seed Tree with 612 - Lowland Harvest Even-Aged Approved Coniferous Black Spruce, Jack Well Retention Proposal Forest

Pine

Habitat Cut: No Site Condition:

Prescription seed tree stand, leave slivers along edge for seed and retention and leave some pockets of trees for seed and retention, avoid scattered trees as Specs:

they will likely blow over as area has high water table.

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable mixed Q type and mixed lowland deciduous, expect jack pine, spruce and maple for most part but any mix of current species is OK post harvest.

Regen:

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020



a n d	Treatment Name	Acres	Stand CoverType	Size Density	Stand Age	BA Range	Treatment Type	Treatment Method	Cover Type Objective	Age Structure	Approval Status
11	61122011-Cut	76.3	4130 - Aspen	Poletimber Well	48	141- 170	Harvest	Clearcut with Retention	413 - Aspen	Even-Aged	Approved Proposal

Habitat Cut: No Site Condition:

Prescription final harvest, two retention islands on west edge. phenominal aspen so going for thick stem density and high species diversity in regen so final Specs:

harvest should be our best ticket here.

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable aspen, mixed deciduous, and mixed conifer.. thiswill mainly be aspen.

Regen: Other

S

AT&T fiber optil line threw soutwest end of stand, will need to get a game plan for crossing it, will likely need crane mats if trucking across.

Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

14 61122014-Cut 4117 - Mixed N. 173.0 Poletimber 1-50 Harvest Other - Specify 330 - Low-Approved Hardwood - Pine Poor **Density Trees** Proposal

Site Condition: **Habitat Cut: No**

Prescription site is filling in pretty thick.. especially west edge of stand 6. Cut all trees under ~8" DBH to reclaim the open type... ok to mark to leave some Specs: smaller diameter trees as well or paint out islands for variable density, also OK to mark some larger stuff to take out as there are some pretty

thick areas... will likely burn some time in the future... portions burned in the past.

Burn, Opening Next Step

Treatments:

Acceptable stand will be managed for oak pine barrens. will be some thick areas but most will be open.

Regen:

Other should be able to open this site up with stand 6... 2" spec stand 6... should be able to do a commercial sale here for sure... may to sale by

Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

61122023-Cut 42210 - Natural 13.4 Poletimber 86 141-Harvest Shelterwood 4319 - Mixed Even-Aged Approved Red Pine Well 170 **Upland Forest** Proposal

Habitat Cut: No **Site Condition:**

Prescription green tree stand, leave enough to come back for in say 10-20 years. will likely push to mixed white pine, oak and deciduous. try to scarify via harvest if possible or have producer pinch some areas with clam especially in open areas to expose mineral soil for germination. Specs:

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable miced pine, oak and mixed deciduous.

Regen:

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

61122030-Cut 99 1 42260 - Natural Poletimber 111-Harvest Shelterwood 4319 - Mixed Even-Aged Approved **Upland Forest** Pine, Mixed Well 140 Proposal Deciduous

Habitat Cut: No **Site Condition:**

Prescription aspen areas will be more final harvest, pine and oak will be more shelterwood leaving enough residual BA to come back for in 10-20 years and enough to shelter along pine and oak regen. (residual BA will be variable between ~0 and 60) Likely green tree mark is best try some areas of Specs:

leaving pockets of trees and clearcutting between the residual pockets.

Next Step Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Treatments:

Acceptable mixed aspen, oak, deciduous and conifer. aspen areas will push to aspen and pine and oak should push to deciduous pine and oak regen.

Regen:

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019 Traverse City Mgt. Unit

Report 3 -- Treatments

Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020 Approval

Name d 61122031-Cut 31

Treatment

CoverType 64.5 4130 - Aspen

Stand

Acres

Size Density Age

Range 81-110

BA

Stand

Type Harvest

Treatment

Treatment Method Clearcut with

Retention

Objective 4131 - Aspen,

Oak

Cover Type

Structure Even-Aged

Age

Status Approved Proposal

Habitat Cut: No

Medium Site Condition: Age-Class or Site Quality

Poletimber

Specs:

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Prescription final harvest but green tree some pine and oak to save. save all oak and pine under 6" or 8" dbh save some of the larger oak along east edge drain area for acorn production and stand diversity. likely wont need to paint the drain area out of the sale but protect with cutting specs not allowing equipment to cross it during wet periods.

Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Next Step Treatments:

Acceptable aspen, oak, mixed deciduous and mixed pine. some will likely push mostly to aspen but some will be a good mix of all the above.

Regen:

Other Comment:

Proposed Start Date:

10/1 /2019

61122033-NF

4133 - Aspen, Mixed Pine

36.3

Poletimber 55 51-80 NonForestMat Medium

Brush Cutting

320 - Upland Shrub

Approved Proposal

Habitat Cut: No

Site Condition: BMPs

Prescription Selectively remove woody vegetation to barrens equivalent. Important trees to retain would be mature "wolf" trees of oak, pine or cherry, fruiting shrubs, and a scattering of other trees and shrubs. Should eventually burn to stimulate any existing seed bank and encourage existing native Specs: vegetation. Augment with additional native seeds/seedling as needed to diversify site for wildlife forage and cover. Eventually burn rotationally

to maintain barrens dynamic. Remove invasive species mechanically or with herbicide treatment.

Next Step

Treatments:

Acceptable

Regen: Other

Comment:

Proposed Start Date:

10/1 /2019

61122036-Cut

15.7 6122 - Black Spruce Poletimber

Site Condition:

95 81-110 Harvest

normal seed trees should be needed. OK to save some of the old red n white white pine but dont save all as it will likely blow down. ok to scarify

Prescription seed tree/final harvest stand... mark some pockets of trees to save where needed however due to long and narrow nature of the stand less than

Seed Tree

612 - Lowland Coniferous Forest

Even-Aged

Approved Proposal

Habitat Cut: No

site via timber sale but dont expect regeneration to be an issue here. Monitoring, Natural Regen (Re-Inventory)

Next Step Treatments:

Acceptable mixed lowland conifer and miced lowland deciduous.

Regen:

Specs:

Other

Comment

Proposed Start Date: 10/1 /2019

Total Treatment Acreage Proposed:

537.3

Traverse City Mgt. Unit

Kelly Standerfer: Examiner

Availa	ability for	Managemer	nt						
Total	Acres	Acres Avail	Acres		Domina	nt Site	e Con	dition	s
Acres	Available	With Condition	Not Available		5C	2G	3G	3J	5E
413	276	100	38	Aspen	100	0		35	2
352	0	0	352	Cedar		348	5		
2	2	0	0	Herbaceous Openland					
19	19	0	0	Jack Pine					
6	6	0	0	Low-Density Trees					
23	23	0	0	Lowland Conifers		0			
40	40	0	0	Lowland Deciduous					
79	11	0	68	Lowland Shrub		68			
33	16	0	17	Lowland Spruce/Fir		17	0		
256	8	2	246	Marsh	2	14		231	
196	99	24	72	Natural Mixed Pines	24	2	59		11
189	189	0	0	Northern Hardwood					
51	51	0	0	Red Pine					
21	21	0	0	Upland Conifers					
13	0	0	13	Upland Mixed Forest				13	
0	0	0	0	Water					
1,694	761	126	807	Total Forested Acres	126	450	64	280	13
<u></u>	45%	7%	48%	Relative Percent					

^{*}Due to limitations in the current Site Conditions Analysis tool, all nonforested acres are considered available. Future development will enable analysis of nonforested types.

Site No.	Dominant Site Cond Availability	Dominant Site Condition	Acres	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition	Other Site Condition
1	Unavailable	2G: Too wet (sensitive soils, does not include access issues)	401	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
(Comments:						
2	Unavailable	3J: Water quality / BMPs (stream, river, or lake)	200	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
(Comments:						

Report 4 – Site Conditions

Traverse City Mgt. Unit Kelly Standerfer: Examiner

3	Unavailable	5E: Long-Term Retention	2	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
4	Unavailable	5E: Long-Term Retention	1	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
5	Unavailable	5E: Long-Term Retention	11	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
6	Available	5C: Delay treatment for age/size class diversity or exceptional site quality	34	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
7	Available	5C: Delay treatment for age/size class diversity or exceptional site quality	24	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						
8	Unavailable	2G: Too wet (sensitive soils, does not include access issues)	1	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments:						

Report 4 – Site Conditions

Traverse City Mgt. Unit

Kelly Standerfer : Examiner

14	Available	5B: Maintain for regeneration purposes	19	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
C	Comments:						
21	Unavailable	2G: Too wet (sensitive soils, does not include access issues)	20	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
C	Comments:						
22	Unavailable	3G: Other Influence zones - See comments	64	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified
	Comments: OPIC - FMD: Hagar	n (1991) notes: Reautiful stand	l cahin lo	ogs moist site POTENTIA	ALOLD GROWTH Notes	2000: Could harvest sor	me loas in here however
V V	OPIC - FMD: Hagar vildlife consideratio vest The stand cu	n (1991) notes: Beautiful stand ns need to be weighted. This urrently supports heavy concer dbh runs around 6", the sawlo	site is in t	the transition between upl of deer in the winter due to	and and wetland and acts as the heavy spruce understo	ry which helps provide th	vamp to the south and ermal cover and escape
V V C	DPIC - FMD: Hagar wildlife consideratio west The stand co cover. The spruce	ns need to be weighted. This urrently supports heavy concer	site is in t	the transition between upl of deer in the winter due to	and and wetland and acts as the heavy spruce understo	s a buffer for the cedar sw ry which helps provide th	vamp to the south and ermal cover and escape
0 v v c c	DPIC - FMD: Hagar wildlife consideratio west The stand cu cover. The spruce component.	ns need to be weighted. This urrently supports heavy concerdbh runs around 6", the sawlog 2G: Too wet (sensitive soils, does not include	site is in the site is in the site is in the site is site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site in the site in the site is site in the site	the transition between uplof deer in the winter due to Pine is running up to 26" w 3H: Deer Wintering Area - habitat is incompatible with	and and wetland and acts as the heavy spruce understorith 5 to 6 eight foot logs per 4A: No Markets Available for these	s a buffer for the cedar sw ry which helps provide th tree. Some hard maple,	wamp to the south and ermal cover and escape cherry and oak
0 v v c c	DPIC - FMD: Hagar wildlife consideratio west The stand co cover. The spruce component. Unavailable	ns need to be weighted. This urrently supports heavy concerdbh runs around 6", the sawlog 2G: Too wet (sensitive soils, does not include	site is in the site is in the site is in the site is site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site in the site is site in the site in the site in the site in the site is site in the site	the transition between uplof deer in the winter due to Pine is running up to 26" w 3H: Deer Wintering Area - habitat is incompatible with	and and wetland and acts as the heavy spruce understorith 5 to 6 eight foot logs per 4A: No Markets Available for these	s a buffer for the cedar sw ry which helps provide th tree. Some hard maple,	wamp to the south and ermal cover and escape cherry and oak

Mgt. Unit

Compartment: #Type! Year of Entry:



Report 5 - PROPOSED SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA* (SCA) DETAILS

* This is a partial list of SCAs for this compartment. Not included are those areas identified under other Department initiatives (Natural Rivers, Deer Wintering Areas, etc.). Those will be identified in separate, future map and report products.

SCA Name	SCA Category	Detail Type	Recommendation	Acres
Comments				

Traverse City Mgt. Unit Compartment: 122





Report 6 – EXISTING SPECIAL CONSERVATION AREA DETAILS

* This is a list of SCA's for this compartment along with a 1/4 mile buffer surrounding the compartment. Refer to the Special Conservation Area Map for locations of the below listed Conservation Areas.

Conservati Area	on Type	Description	ERA = Ecological Reference Area HCVA = High Conservation Value Area SCA = Special Conservation Area
SCA	Cold Water Lake	A coldwater lake has temperature and dissolved oxygen condition stocked trout populations and those of other coldwater fish specific conditions for coldwater fishes may occur in Michigan lakes if the groundwater inflows, or are located in colder (northern) areas of Director's action and designated as trout resources by Fisheries	ies to persist from year to year. Suitable ey are relatively deep, have substantial the state. Such lakes are established by
SCA	Cold Water Stream	A coldwater stream has temperature and dissolved oxygen cond stocked trout populations and those of other coldwater fish speci year to year. Coldwater streams in Michigan typically provide the contributions of groundwater to their stream flows. Such streams designated as trout resources by Fisheries Order 210.	ies (e.g., slimy sculpin) to persist from see conditions due to substantial
SCA	Research and Military Areas	These areas provide facilities and lands specifically dedicated fo include the 5,847 acre Forest Fire Experiment Station, the 12,00 Area, the Beaver Islands Archipelago Wildlife Research Area (th High and Hog Islands, all state owned land on Beaver, South Fo. Wildlife Research Area, the 3,000 acre Hunt Creek Fisheries Re Nursery, and over 144,000 acres of Military Lands.	0 acre Houghton Lake Wildlife Research at includes most of Garden Island, all of x and North Fox Islands), the Cusino
HCVA	Natural Rivers	There are two Natural Rivers datasets which are derived from sp approved distance from the river centerlines. The Natural Rivers most Natural Rivers. The Vegetative Buffer ranges from 25 to 10 and Vegetative Buffers for each Natural River see the table locat folder.	S Zoning District is a 400 foot buffer for 200 feet. To view specific Zoning Districts

S t	Traverse City	Mgt. Unit		Report 7	– Forested	Stands Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
1	42111 - Planted Red Pine, Mixed Deciduous	Poletimber Well	7.8	52	141-170	some solid red pine but quite a bit is intermixed with fir, maple and aspen. and almost a failed plantation. areas that are more red pine have seen extensive porcupine damage, very few good stems. most of the fir is on west end and on south edge.
3	4130 - Aspen	Sapling Well	51.1	30	51-80	mostly A5/A6 still young yet. cut some of stand that surrounds red pine stand to encourage good stem density in the clearcut red pine stand. maybe cut up to 1/5 of the stand now and rest in 10 -20 years should be excellent grouse and snowshoe habbitat. create brush piles and some higher maple stumps for drumming logs via timber sale spec. some of stand is P type but bulk appears to be upland. some scattered larger oak and sugar maple too and some paper birch areas but looks to be under 5%OPIC - FMD: Stand was cut mostly during winter months of 1987 and 1988. Some swampy areas were left uncut due to the inoperable conditions. 2008 comments- Stand has some aspen poles now will be nearing A6 in ten years
5	42290 - Natural Mixed Pine	Sawtimber Well	26.8	106	111-140	some younger maple areas and some spruce pockets but the bulk of the stand is larger white pine and red pine of variable densities, some thicker and some not so thick. should hold good 10 years OPIC - FMD: Hagan (1991) notes: Beautiful stand, cabin logs, moist site, POTENTIAL OLD GROWTH Notes 2000: Could harvest some logs in here however wildlife considerations need to be weighted. This site is in the transition between upland and wetland and acts as a buffer for the cedar swamp to the south and west The stand currently supports heavy concentrations of deer in the winter due to the heavy spruce understory which helps provide thermal cover and escape cover. The spruce dbh runs around 6", the sawlog White Pine is running up to 26" with 5 to 6 eight foot logs per tree. Some hard maple, cherry and oak component.
6	4117 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Pine	Poletimber Poor	73.5	45	1-50	pulled this area out of stand to the east to try to restart some red pine in the heart of pine country. this area is the thicker portion of the stand. will need to chip harvest this stand and herbicide will likely be needed to set back woody competitiion. trench n plant to red pine. Some resembles U type but the bulk has filled in with trees with lack of burning. Lets find some acres here to establish some red pine. great red pine ground and area to the east has is a huge wildlife burn. red pine will add to deviersity of the area and will likely shelter along some oak regeneration over time. North end has almost a M3 with mixed oak, mid area more large scattered oak and pine over cherry brush, south end more large oak and pine that is thicker with some maple mixed in as well. OPIC - FMD: Separated from larger stand for purposes of managing for wildlife burns etc. Periodic burns have been carried out on this stand. There are some scattered oak trees on this stand. Other nearby U types do not have much oak component. Should continue burning to maintain the opening.

4130 - Aspen

8

Sapling Well

47.2

24

Immature

nice looking stand... in the self thinning stage.. should be great grouse and rabbitat. try some brush piles in stand to east to encourage snowshoe... saw quite a few tracks in this area!OPIC - FMD: Stand brush clear-tot

Aspen #016-93-01). The site contains very good aspen regeneration.

S t	Traverse Cit	y Mgt. Unit		Report 7	Forested	Stands Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
9	42220 - Natural Jack Pine	Sapling Well	18.8	22	Immature	filling in pretty decent now. some wet footed jack pine and some high n dry. south end more leatherleafey and north humicky with bracken.
						OPIC - FMD: This stand was clearcut in 1996. There is little sign of regeneration. A trace of Jack Pine was found, but site needs to visited in the summer to see how much natural regeneration has occurred. Wildlife - this is your call. Should we plant here or let it go? 2008 comments: slowly filling in with white pine and red maple, some jp.
10	6125 - Lowland Black Spruce, Jack Pine	Poletimber Well	23.2	74	81-110	Some low spots with sphagnum and royal fern, some high n dry with thicker jack pine. some lower spruce and some upland spruce. Hummocky terrain. Some cedar at edge. Cut stumps present.
11	4130 - Aspen	Poletimber Well	78.7	48	141-170	pretty phenomenal aspen in areas. north end has some more white pine mixed in. Cut some or all of stand as needed for age class diversity in the MA plan. retention in big pocket at north end along flooding west of trail
14	4117 - Mixed N. Hardwood - Pine	Poletimber Poor	116.0	45	1-50	Some resembles U type but the bulk has filled in with trees with lack of burning. Lets find some acres here to establish some red pine. great red pien ground and area to the east has is a huge wildlife burn. red pine will add to deviersity of the area and will likely shelter along some oak regeneration over time. North end has almost a M3 with mixed oak, mid area more large scattered oak and pine over cherry brush, south end more large oak and pine that is thicker with some maple mixed in as well. OPIC - FMD: Separated from larger stand for purposes of
						managing for wildlife burns etc. Periodic burns have been carried out on this stand. There are some scattered oak trees on this stand. Other nearby U types do not have much oak component. Should continue burning to maintain the opening.
21	6122 - Black Spruce	Poletimber Medium	16.9	92	81-110	
						OPIC - FMD: Deer yard. BS, WC, T, BF mix. S/F regen. R.O. dogwood, sphagnum, sedge. OI Stand Year Origin was 1926
22	42290 - Natural Mixed Pine	Sawtimber Well	59.1	106	111-140	some younger maple areas and some spruce pockets but the bulk of the stand is larger white pine and red pine of variable densities, some thicker and some not so thick. should hold good 10 yearsOPIC - FMD: Hagan (1991) notes: Beautiful stand, cabin logs, moist site, POTENTIAL OLD GROWTH Notes 2000: Could harvest some logs in here however wildlife considerations need to be weighted. This site is in the transition between upland and wetland and acts as a buffer for the cedar swamp to the south and west The stand currently supports heavy concentrations of deer in the winter due to the heavy spruce understory which helps provide thermal cover and escape cover. The spruce dbh runs around 6", the sawlog White Pine is running up to 26" with 5 to 6 eight foot logs per tree. Some hard maple, cherry and oak component.
23	42210 - Natural Red Pine	Poletimber Well	13.4	86	141-170	OPIC - FMD: A pair of vernal ponds are located at the East edge of the stand and a large leatherleaf bog is located at the west edge of the stand. Not much Jack Pine but there is a significant amount of White Pine and Red Pine. There is a good mixture of logs/poles/saplings and some oak seedling/sapling component in the stand. Stand is not in need of treatment.

S t	Traverse City	/ Mgt. Unit		Report 7	– Forested	Stands Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020
a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
24	4131 - Aspen, Oak	Sapling Well	78.5	6	Immature	short lived species cut out last YOE. Some areas of thicker oak that resemble oak barrons
						OPIC - FMD: (A4O7) Aspen, Oak and White Pine make up the majority of the stand. Some Oak sawlogs but they are not real good quality. There is a fair amount of White Pine along the edges of the stand and then scattered throughout. Once the aspen reaches maturity (about 10 years), a cut should be prescribed. 2008 comments, treatment should take place in winter months to promote good sprouting. Dkj retention area around stand # 49, stand is already more than 300 feet back from Black Creek for beaver concerns. Dkj (KJS) 1/30/2013 Stand final harvested winter 2012, turned out great. Oak and red pine left. Smaller single stem white pine left. Stand should regenerate very nicely
26	4319 - Mixed Upland Forest	Poletimber Well	13.3	61	51-80	edge call stand surrounded by H20. as done mentioned aspen taken out by beaver red maple, white pine, birch and balsam mix
						OPIC - FMD: Stand is surrounded by wet areas. It appears that the aspen component that existed in the stand previously was anniliated by beaver. Not much chance of a commercial harvest due such wet access. Not able to examine the northeast part of the stand. It appears that some hardwood component may exist there. All data is estimated (2000 examination).
28	6113 - Lowland Maple	Poletimber Poor	3.0	38	1-50	mostly red maple on sensitive fern and leatherleaf ground. some looks like it may fill in nicely over time. 4" red maple stems for the most part.
30	42260 - Natural Pine, Mixed Deciduous	Poletimber Well	109.7	65	111-140	mostly mixed pine with some areas of heavier aspen and maple and oak. pine looks to grow best here. some areas with big old oak and some nicer pole areas maybe try two different treatents here? one more intense where aspen is and one more shelterwood/seed tree where more pine and oak?
						OPIC - FMD: SOME AREAS MIXED WITH WHITE PINE. (2000 notes): Stand is just reaching polesize. A significant amount of beaver activity adjacent to the creekbed area. Timber is primarily Quaking Aspen with areas of Big Tooth mixed in. Lots of small White Pine in the understory and some areas of White Pine poles. Heavy wp component in the NW corner but still has good aspen ba. Any harvest should keep some wp component.
31	4130 - Aspen	Poletimber Medium	65.1	55	81-110	Some pretty nice and some not so nice. probably a good area to push to mixed pine in the future but growing OK aspen in the mean time. lots of snowshow hair sign north of road!
						OPIC - FMD: ORV Route trail is located along the West edge of the stand. The Cranberry Lake Snowmobile Trail loops through the North part of the stand. Lots of beaver damage to the aspen along the creek corridor. A small amount of W Pine and Oak saplings are in the stand. Some residual aspen probably from past cutting has matured prior to majority of the stand.
32	4131 - Aspen, Oak	Poletimber Well	34.3	48	111-140	same stand as stand to west (11) however this area had more oak when cut and it looks like the bulk of it was save, some areas more A5 that got shaded out by oak overstory. stand should hold good 10years

S	Traverse City	Mgt. Unit		Report 7	– Forested	Stands Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020
t a n d	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:
33	4133 - Aspen, Mixed Pine	Poletimber Medium	36.3	55	51-80	Wildlife maintaining openings on west. aspen is in rough shape cut all but oak and red n white pine. cut all else and hopefully push to a more natural mixed pine and oak. Not good aspen ground but grows good pine. OK to cut some of the gnarly pine.
						OPIC - FMD: POOR QUALITY Q ASPEN & SMALL AMOUNTS OF BT ASPEN. A FEW SMALL PATCHES OF R. PINE. Still looks like A2/U. (Notes 2000 examination): Areas of A3, and some just reaching polesize. Some beaver damage in the stand alongside the creek corridor. 2008 Comments: reaching pole size - low quality scattered pockets with open grass and bracken fern.
35	42360 - Upland Cedar	Poletimber Medium	12.8	94	81-110	most has tag understory, some areas a bit thicker but overall C4/C5ish. doesnt appear to be maneageable.
36	6122 - Black Spruce	Poletimber Well	15.7	95	81-110	nicer spruce in areas and some not as thick and nice. spruce in pretty good health but may be a good time to do some cutting in here to start to regenerate some nicer deer cover.
37	61199 - Lowland Hardwood (OI)	Poletimber Medium	36.8	73	1-50	
44	6120 - Lowland Cedar	Poletimber Well	339.7	105	81-110	some thick some not so thick. mostly cedar black creek runs through stand doesnt look like much for maneagable ground. possible winter cuts for browse potential?OPIC - FMD: (1991 Comments) WILDLIFE MAY CUT PORTION OF STAND DURING A WINTER DEER EMERGENCY. (2000 comments) Nice cedar stand with heavy deeryard use. This is a wildlife call. Black Creek runs through this stand

429 - Mixed Upland

Conifers

4130 - Aspen

45

48

Sawtimber

Medium

Sapling Well

20.9

22.1

80

33

81-110

51-80

mostly red and white pine with mixed fir on higher areas,

transition ground goes to fire, spruce and maple. not a super thick stand, should hold 10 years good and then maybe seed

tree ot shelterwood.

Stand just coming into merchantable size, in self thinning

stage... NW end more Maple and open area and south and east end pretty thick... looks good

OPIC - FMD: PART OF STAND IS A3 OTHER PART M2-scattered aspen poles

S t a n d	Traverse City Mgt. Unit			Report 7	– Forested	Stands Compartment: 122 Year of Entry: 2020	DNR DNR
	Level 4 Cover Type	Size Density	Acres	Stand Age	BA Range	General Comments:	MICHIGAN
54	42110 - Planted Red Pine	Poletimber Well	29.6	56	141-170	some areas ready for a thin now and some could thin now taking out poor form n suppressed and n tree spacing some scattered oak and maple thromark some for operability but save the bulk of sprouting unless wildlife wants it cut for the increpotential.	nark for good oughout. ok to f it to limit
						OPIC - FMD: 2006 timber sale update - kgr: Riv Pine, sale #022-04-01. Every third row was remo of 2006. Sale consisted of 26 acres. 2002 kgr	ved in spring

comments: Row thinning is scheduled for YOE 2002. This stand is being used heavily by deer during the winter. Is this thermal

protection value greater than the timber value? The stand is growing and appears to be approaching the stage where it may be less protection for deer as cover. However, it may still offer the thermal protection. Lots of oak and cherry seedlings are

trying to get past the deer browse line. Some stems are making it and have reached the height of 8-10 feet.



Stand	Cover Type	Acres	Managed Site	General Comments:
2	6229 - Mixed lowland shrub	1.7	No	LO/VO
4	623 - Emergent Wetland	0.6	No	Some pretty nice and some not so nice. probably a good area to push to mixed pine in the future but growing OK aspen in the mean time. lots of snowshow hair sign north of road!
				OPIC - FMD: ORV Route trail is located along the West edge of the stand. The Cranberry Lake Snowmobile Trail loops through the North part of the stand. Lots of beaver damage to the aspen along the creek corridor. A small amount of W Pine and Oak saplings are in the stand. Some residual aspen probably from past cutting has matured prior to majority of the stand.
12	623 - Emergent Wetland	11.3	No	LO/VO and some low density trees, not manageable ground
13	3303 - Mixed Low Density Trees	6.3	No	Some Vo, Some LO and some low density trees. OPIC - FMD: OI Stand Year Origin was 1965
15	622 - Lowland Shrub	9.1	No	Mixed LO with some trees OPIC - FMD: OI Stand Year Origin was
16	623 - Emergent Wetland	236.1	No	Some LO, Some VO and some low density trees. OPIC - FMD: Black Creek runs through stand- beaver flooded or backup areas throughout this stand.
19	310 - Herbaceous Openland	1.6	No	Cabin was demolished shortly before the State acquired the property. It still contains scattered debris. It is mostly open with scattered spruce, cherry and bracken fern.
20	622 - Lowland Shrub	3.3	No	OPIC - FMD: Black Creek runs through stand
25	500 - Water	0.2	No	
29	623 - Emergent Wetland	4.6	No	OPIC - FMD: Leatherleaf bog with some spruce and red pine growing along the edges. Treatments on adjacent stands should honor a 1/2 chain buffer around this bog.
41	623 - Emergent Wetland	1.7	No	
49	623 - Emergent Wetland	2.2	No	OPIC - FMD: Beaver Flooding along Black Creek.
58	6223 - Inundated Shrub Swamp	65.1	No	Some areas of low density trees, none really looks to be maneagable. OPIC - FMD: Mostly lowland brush (tag alder). Some standing dead timber especially south of the trail road. North of the trail is wet with some commercial species. Mostly fir, spruce, ash, and other wet site species.